Soviets present draft missiles pact

GENEVA (Agencies) — The Soviet Union presented a draft treaty on Monday calling for elimination of all Soviet and U.S. medium-range nuclear missiles in Europe, Soviet arms delegation spokesman Vladimir Shibanov said. "We have presented a draft treaty. It covers all aspects for an agreement to eliminate medium-range missiles in Europe," he told reporters. Soviet negotiator Alexei Obukhov spent more than two hours are the draft to a at the American diplomatic mission in Geneva explaining the draft to a U.S. arms negotiating team led by Maynard Giffman. It was the first detailed document setting out a range of new initiatives on the so-called "Euromissiles" since Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev said in February he was ready to sign a separate pact on such weapons. Shibanov declined to give any further details. U.S. arms delegation spokesman Terry Shroeder declined to comment on the meeting. Mr. Gorbachev outlined his proposals last week in a speech in Moscow. He said the Soviets would propose eliminating both sides' medium-range missiles in Europe over a live-year period, with each side retaining 100 warbeads.



EC ministers review Mideast

LUXEMBOURG (R) — European Community (EC) foreign ministers began two days of wide-ranging talks on Monday devoted to trade relations with Japan, Middle East peace prospects, and Turkey's application to join the 12-nation trading group. Belgian Foreign Minister Leo Tindemans was to report to the meeting on a recent visit be made to the Middle East as current president of the EC Council of Ministers to promote an international peace conference for the region, In February, EC ministers backed the idea of such a conference, to be held under the United National australes. Mr. Tindemans' visit to lordan. Feynt and United Nations' anspices. Mr. Tindemans' visit to Jordan, Egypt and Saudi Arabia followed the community's unexpectedly warm response to the idea. Diplomats said the ministers were to discuss what effect the weekend meeting of the Palestine National Council, was likely to have on

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Ramadan begins today

AMMAN (Petra) — Chief Islamic Justice Mohammac Mheilan announced on Monday that the moon was sighted Monday evening, marking the beginning of the holy fasting month of Ramadan on Tuesday. April 28. In a statement issued on the occasion Sheikh Mheilan extended his greetings to His Majesty King Hussein and wished the Arab and Islamic worlds prosperity and progress.

King congratulates Iragi president

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein sent a cable to Iraci President Saddam Hussein on Monday congratulating him on his 50th birthday. In his cable, King Hussein wished President Hussein continoed good health and happiness and the Iraqi people further progress, prosperity and victory.

Holiday announced

AMMAN (Petra) — All government departments and public institutions will be closed on Satur-day, May 2, to mark Labour Day which falls on Friday, May I according to an official statement by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai Labour Day is one of the public holidays in Jordan.

Iraqi film week begins in Amman

AMMAN (Petra) — Information Minister Mohammad Al Khatib on Monday inaugurated an Iraqi film week at the Royal Cultural Centre (RCC). During the event, organised by the Iraqi embassy in operation with the Department of Art and Culture and the RCC - six Iraqi films will be shown. A ---- book exhibition was also held oo the occasion.

400 held after protests in U.S.

WASHINGTON (AP) - Nearly 400 protesters, many: chanting the slogan, "the whole world is watching," were arrested Mon-day as they sat down in front of entrances to CIA headquarters during the morning rush hour. The non-violent protest was a major event in three days of demonstrations against President Ronald Reagan's policies in Central America and southern Africa. U.S. Park Police, with jurisdiction over the oorth gate of the facility in nearby Langley, Virgima, arrested 175 people. Fairfax county, Virginia, police, with inrisdiction over the south gate, errested more than 200.

Iran expeis **Australian diplomats**

CANBERRA (AP) - Iran is expelling two Australian diplomats after government-funded Australian television broadcast a programme that poked fun at Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeim, Foreign Ministry officials said Monday. The Australian government was "stunned" and worned that produce exports worth several hundred million dollars could be jeopardised, said the officials.

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Egypt closes PLO offices in retaliation for PNC 'insolence'

CAIRO (Agencies) — Egypt on Monday ordered the closure of all Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) offices in Cairo in retaliation for hostile debates at the Palestine National Council (PNC) meeting in Algiers.

statement: "Egypt has to put an end to this insolence... and decided to close all PLO offices and

institutions in Egypt."
Officials said the PLO was informed of the decision earlier Monday and the offices were closed before the announcement was made.

The statement read by Mr. Abdnl Meguid did not specify whether Palestinian officials are being expelled, but its wording indicated they were.

"The Arab Republic of Egypt has decided to close all offices of the Palestine Liberation Organisation and the organisations belonging to it (in Egypt) and will take the necessary measures re-lated to this," Mr. Abdul Meguid

Diplomatic sources said seven offices of the PLO and related agencies were covered by the order. The closure was to answer re-

solutions passed at the weekend by the PNC that referred to previous resolutions highly critical of the Egyptian government.
The PLO and most Arab states

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Najah Fawaz Dababach will go down in Jor-

dan's medical records as the first

woman to deliver test-tube babies

in the Kingdom. She gave birth to

a twins on Monday at the Khalidi

hospital, hospital sources said.

The two new-born boys, one

weighing 2,200 grammes and the other 1,550 grammes, were in the

incubator room and in good con-

dition, the hospital sources and

nurses who saw the babies told

Mrs. Dababneh, whom doctors

said was normally recovering, appeared tired and in apparent

pain at her hospital room. "I

canoot talk now," she said.

Dr. Zaid Keilani, the gynaeco-

logist who was on the team that

carried the invitro fertilisation

operation on Mrs. Dababneh

nine months ago, was there to help her deliver the twins along

with his team, the hospital

Contacted by the Jordan Times, Dr. Keilani said that Mrs. Dabab-

BEIRUT (AP) - President

Amin Gemayel met U.S. Ambas-sador John Kelly on Monday

seeking Washington's help to pre-

vent an Israeli attack in South

Lebanon in retaliation for raids

by Palestinian and Iranian-back-

ed commandos, an official source

"The president discussed with

situation in the flashpoint south

the Jordan Times.

"Perhaps later."

sources said.

Foreign Minister Ahmad man Yasser Arafat visited Presi-Esmat Abdul Meguid said in a dent Hosni Mubarak in Cairo in

November 1983. But hardline PLO groups at the PNC meeting in Algiers last week insisted that it should not have relations with Egypt. Cairo withdrew its delegation to the conference because it considered the

debate hostile to Egypt.
Mr. Abdul Meguid said Monday Egypt had cautioned the PLO leadership before and during the PNC meeting against tak-ing actions prejudicial to Egypt hnt to no avail.

It was imperative that Egypt should put an end to this insolence and confront this irresponsible position with the firmness dictated by the supreme national interest and by the necessity of preserving Egypt's ignity," he said.
The PNC resolution, accepted

by Mr. Arafat apparently in order to cement a reconciliation with the hardliners within his movement, marked back to a resolotion passed by the PNC's 16th session in February 1983 as the basis of future PLO relations with

gypt. That was unacceptable to Egypt because it called for the severed ties with Egypt after its
1979 treaty with Israel PLO links
were restored after PLO Chair with "Egypt's nationalist, demo-relations with Cairo in 1983. He

would talk about it to the press on

Friday at a news conference he

was planning to hold. He de-

clined comment on the informa-

tion obtained by the Jordan

Paediatrician Hassan Far'oan.

who was said by hospital ourses to be part of the team, also

declined comment referring the Jordan Times to Dr. Keilani.

In an interview published hy the Jordan Times on Jan. 20, a

member of the same medical

team who asked oot to be identi-

fied said that four test-tube

babies were expected to be born

"within the oext few months."

He said the two sets of twin

embryos were "developing well

under close medical supervision,"

and that the two women were in

"a very good condition." It was

not immediately known who the

In the January interview, the

doctor said "the formation and

development of the fetus was

encouraging and going ahead as

"To date," he said, "develop-ments have been good and we

Gemayel said seeking U.S. help to

prevent Israeli attack on S.Lebanon

other woman was.

planned.

neh was admitted to hospital on expect the births to take place on

Jordan's first-test-tube babies

reportedly doing well after birth

cratic and popular forces" to force Cairo to abandon its 1979 treaty with Israel.

It also instructed the committee not to normalise relations with "the Egyptian regime" only after it abandoned the process begun by the U.S.-brokered Camp David accords in 1978 that led to the 1979 treaty.

Mr. Abdul Meguid said Monday's decision was conveyed to the PLO's main office in a Cairo suburb before the closure order took effect.

In another suburb, Fathy Arafat, Mr. Arafat's brother, who heads a major hospital operated by the PLO Red Crescent, said he had "heard vaguely about the PLO office closing down" but that he had not been informed.

"I have no information on the subject," he said. "We have oot been notified of anything. I am at work here in my office and at the

Senior PLO representatives in Cairo were not available for comment on the Egyptian decision. They went to Tunis with Mr. Arafat following the PNC meeting in Algiers.

Shortly after Mr. Ahdnl Megnid spoke, the PLO's information office in downtown Cairo had red tape across its door, sealed with wax, and two Egyptian policemeo sat outside. Telephone in several PLO offices went unanswered, AP said.

The break marks the most severe crisis between Egypt and the

babies should be any day now

when a woman's falopian tube is

blocked, stopping the ovule from reaching the uterus to be fertil-

ised by the man's sperm. The

ovule is thus taken from the

woman and fertilised by her hus-

band's sperm in a special test tube

before implanting the fertilised

The operation is legal in Jordan

and is approved by the King-

dom's religious authorities - "as

long as the ovule and the sperm

come from the married couple,"

Similar operations have been

successfully carried out in the last

three years in Kuwait and Iraq.

ovule in the woman's uterus.

since both women had the im-

same time.

WOTIED.

doctors said.

came personally to Egypt to thank Mr. Mubarak for his help in providing protection to PLO forces evacuating Lebanon and has been here several times since

Mr. Abdul Meguid's statement

was uncommonly harsh. He noted receot Egyptian efforts to bring the PLO into Middle East peace initiatives by working to improve its image with the United States and Israel.

Despite this, he said, "the Palestine National Council adopted a resolution dealing with the relationship between the PLO and Egypt in a hostile manner that disregards the sacrifices Egypt made in championing the Palestinian people and support-ing them in all stages of their

struggle.
"The only justification given for this reckless resolution, which was uowarranted aod which transgressed on all the realities. was that it was to pay the price needed to satisfy some coun

Although he did not say so, this was an obvious reference to Syria, which backs PLO hard-

In another apparent swipe at

Syria, the statement said the PNC acted against Egypt but "closed its eyes and sbut its ears to the forces that tried to humiliate the Palestinian people and... went to the point of carrying out physical liquidation and massacres." Syria expelled Mr. Arafat in

(Continued on page 4)

Israelis to deport By Salameh B. Ne'matt Jordan Times Staff Reporter Monday but said that "she has schedule." He did not give the not delivered yet." He said he date for the expected births. Birzeit two women fertilised nine months ago, the delivery of the other two student

plantation operation nearly at the

leader DERUSALEM Invitro fertilisation and artificial insemination methods has (Agencies) — Israeli occupation been developing over the past decade with religious opposition declining over the years, giving more hope for fertile meo and authorities arrested a Palestinian studeot on Monday and said they planned to expel him from the occupied West Bank for alleged incitement and anti-Israel activi-The method is usually applied

Marwan Barghouti is president of the student council at Birzeit University in the West Bank. Israeli officials alleged that Mr. Barghouti, from Ramallah, was involved in activities in support of the Fatch faction of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

He is the 12th Palestinian to face expolsioo since Israel adopted an "iroo fist" policy against Palestinian nationalists in the occupied territories in August 1985. No expulsioo date was announced.

In another development, the Israeli authorities have ordered that Talal Abu Dara, a resident of Balata refugee camp oear Nab-lus, be held in "administrative detention" for three months. Under regulations dating back

to the British mandate in Pales-tine, Israeli authorities detain without trial any person regarded as "endangering security."

The Palestinian Council of

Higher Education sharply condemned Israeli policies in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip at a news conference on Monday. Israeli authorities closed Birzeit for four months earlier this

month after student demonstra-Three Birzeit students have been killed by Israeli troops dur-

ing protests there in the past The conncil said another Palestinian university, Al Najah,

had been closed by the Israelis for a total of 102 days during the academic year and Bethlehem University was closed for 39 teaching days. "The council sees these mea-

these institutions and undermining their academic mission and their role as Palestinian national institutions that work for the benefit of Palestiniaos noder al who assisted or otherwise paroccupation," a statement re- ticipated in activities amounting

Jordan and Tunisia discuss efforts for peace conference and bilateral ties It said that the two sides will

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan and Tunisia Monday opened meetings at the Foreign Ministry in Amman to discuss general Arab affairs, the Middle East question and bilateral relations.

The talks were conducted by Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri and his Tunisian counterpart Al Hadi Al Mabrouk, who arrived in Amman Sunday evening on a three-day official visit to Jordan.

The Jordan News Agency, Pet-ra, said the talks centred on current efforts being made to hold an international peace conference on the Middle East under United Nations auspices. The agency said both sides to the Amman meeting expressed satisfaction with the high level relations between Jordan and Tunisia in all fields and emphasised the need for more efforts to bolster these relations.

Both sides also called for more consultations, contacts and visits between the two countries at all levels and for promoting economie and trade cooperation and exchangiog visits by tonrist groups, Petra cootinued.

issue a statement summing up the talks opoo the conclusion of Mr. Mabrouk's visit to Jordan on Tuesday.

After the talks, the Tunisian minister and his accompanying delegation visited the Greco-Roman city of Jerash and were briefed on its historical background and its touristic import-

Later on Monday, Mr. Masri hosted a dinner in honour of Mr. Mabrouk. The diooer was attended hy Deputy Prime Minis-ter Abdul Wahab Majali, Cabinet members, members of Arab diplomatie corps in Jordan and senior officials.

Tunisian Amhassador to Jordan Sa'id Ibn Mustafa earlier held a reception in honour of the visiting minister. The reception was attended by senior Jordanian officials and members of Arah diplomatie missions in Amman.

In an interview with Reuter, Mr. Mabrouk said the Palestimians had the right to take their own decisions and choose their own methods of struggle.

He declined to comment directly on Egypt's decisioo to elose all Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) offices in Cairo, but said the Palestinians knew their own interests best.

This decision was taken within the framework of Egypoan-Palestinian relations and the exercise of Egyptian sovereignty," he told Reuters. On Muslim fundamentalist vio-

lence in Tunisia, Mr. Mabrouk said the press had exaggerated the exteot of the disturbances. "The kind of society we have, with its moral lassitude, requires a return to religioo, but we must differentiate between that and

political reasons," he said. He said Tunisia was a democratie country which did not impose any ideology on its people and had an active oppositioo partici-

the exploitation of religion for

pating in political life. "We have a development process now and we will not permit chaos and attempts to npset the regime to interfere with it," he said. Mr. Mahrouk leaves Am-

Delegation reports successful outcome of Kuwait conference

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer with agency dispatches

AMMAN - A Jordanian delegation returned home Monday after attending a two-day conference in Kuwait on investment opportunities in the Kingdom and reported a successful outcome of the meet-

The delegation, which was headed by Minister of Industry and Trade Rajai Mausher and Minister of Finance Hanna Odeh, held extensive discussions with Kuwaiti government officials as well as businessmeo and outlined them various projects in which they could invest in Jordan.

The conference was organised by the Ministry of Industry and tions and govenrment protection Trade in cooperation with the for local industries - offered by

Kuwaiti Fund for Arab Economie Development (KFAED) and the Kuwaiti General Investments Corporation (KGIC).

News Ageoey, Petra; Dr. Muasher said Kuwaiti investers had expressed their willingness to invest in various commercial ventures and industrial and agricultural projects in Jordan. The minister said investors found the investment climate in Jordan as favourable in the light of the Kingdom's geographic locatioo and its wide range of ties with many countries. In addition, said er, the investors were DT. MU encouraged by the incentives such as tax and customs exemp-

At the cooclosioo of the Kuwaiti conference, a joint Jordaniao-Kowaiti committee was set up to pursue contacts with In a statement to the Jordan representatives of the investment sectors in both countries and study the feasibility of projects discus-

sed during the meeting. The committee iolcodes KFAED Director-General Badr Al Humeidi, KGIC official Fahd Al Rashid and Mustafa Shamali, under-secretary of the Kuwaiti Ministry of Finance.

On the Jordanian side, the committee inclodes Ministry of Iodustry and Trade Uoder-Central Bank of Jordan Deputy Governor Maher Shukri and

(Continued on page 4)

Iraq reports beating back Iranians; Soviets call for U.N. intervention

BAHRAIN (Agencies) — Iraq and stormed the northern slopes said Monday its armed forces beat back an Iranian attack on an outpost in the northeastern front and forced the Iranians to flee with intense artillery fire.

A statement carried by the Iraqi News Agency (INA) said the pre-dawn fighting on Monday was "decisively settled in favour of victorious Iraqi armed forces." Iran claimed earlier that its commandos had punched 25 kilometres into oortheast Iraq.

Tehran's official Islamic Repu' ic News Agency (IRNA) quoted military communiques as saying the Iranians have "liber-ated" 41 villages and captured more than 250 square kilometres of eastern Sulaimaniyeh pro-

IRNA said ground forces also crossed the Qezel river northwest correspondent in Baghdad, the of the provincial capital Monday news agency said.

heights" were overrun. In Moscow meaowhile, a

senior Soviet official was quoted as calling for U.N. Security Council action to end the almost seven-year-old Iran-Iraq war. "The Soviet Union supports the proposal by U.N. Secretary-

General Javier Perez de Cuellar on holding a meeting of the U.N. Security Council at foreign ministers' level to discuss the issues connected with ending the war, the Soviet news agency TASS quoted Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Vladimir Petrovsky as

Mr. Petrovsky, who has been on a tour of the Middle East, made his statement to a TASS

'TASS quoted Mr. Petrovsky as of the Gamou and Shankhesh saying that a "draft resolution" ranges. IRNA said 14 "strategie should be considered at such a meeting. He did not describe what the resolution should con-Mr. Petrovsky said the idea of

Security Couocil intervention also was supported by other Arah states he has visited during his trip, which has included stops in Kuwait, Oman and the United Arab Emirates.

In another development, Moroecao Foreign Mioister Abdul Latif Filali left Rabat oo Monday for Moscow at the head of an Arab delegation to explain to Soviet leaders their views on the Iran-Iraq war, the official Moroccan news ageocy MAP

The mission was decided at a meeting of Arah League ministers in Tunis last mooth.

U.S. bars Waldheim as private citizen

WASHINGTON (Agencies) — Dr. Waldheim's diplomatic sta-Austrian President and former tus as head of state would allow U.N. Secretary-General Kurt him to visit the United States, but Waldheim was barred from the such a trip would be highly United States on Monday as a private citizen because of his World War II activities with the German army, the Justice Department announced.

The action represented the first time any country had decided sufficient evidence existed that Dr. Waldheim participated in Nazi persecutions.

"The Department of Justice has determined that a prima facie case of exclodability exists with respect to Kurt Waldheim as an individual," department spokessures are aimed at eliminating man Terry Eastland said in a statement.

This determination was based on United States law that prohibits entry to any foreign oationleased at the press conference to persecution during World War II," Eastland said.

embarrassing and an invitation from President Ronald Reagan would be unlikely.

Eastland declined to say what circumstances if any would warrant such a visit. After a long investigation, the

Justice Department placed Dr. Waldheim on its special immigration "watch list" of persons barred from entering the country be-Nazis in acts of persecution.

Dr. Waldheim repeatedly has denied allegations that he was involved in Nazi atrocities. Secretary of State George P.

Shultz, who participated in the decision to put Dr. Waldheim on the watch list, symbolically soubbed him on a visit to Vienna last ment's legal adviser, prepared the November for U.S.-Soviet arms talks by not making a traditional call on the Austrian president.

Austria rejects U.S. move and recalls envov

VIENNA (R) — Austria on Monday categorically rejected a U.S. decision to deny Austrian President Kurt Waldheim entry to the United States as a private individual, and recalled its Washing-

ton ambassador for consultations. "This decision ... causes Austria deep dismay and is categorically rejected," Foreign Minister Alois Mock said in a statement after the U.S Justice Department announced a bar on the Austrian head of state. Mr. Mock said the U.S. administrative measure cause of assisting Adolf Hitler's against Dr. Waldheim did not accord with a single European legal convention on evidence and proof, he added. The Austrian nbassador to Washington had been recalled for consultations, he

> Abraham Sofaer, the departcase for putting Dr. Waldheim on the "watch list," officials quoted by AP said.

- · Life returns to normal in
- Mr. Kelly what Washington can do to save the south," the source But Mr. Kelly told reporters after the one-hour meeting that conomic action, page 3
 U.S. and Gulf: polishing be discussed a U.S. aid program-
- me for Lebacon with Mr. The envoy said that U.S. aid worth \$8.4 million was due to to cure world's ills with reach Lebanon in July. Mr. Kelly did not refer to the
 - in his statement. The Lebanese source said Mr. Gemayel sought the meeting with Mr. Kelly "amid increased signs that a confrontation is imminent in the south" between the Israelis and fighters of the Iranian-back-ed Hizbollah (Party of God).

Iranian and Hizbollah leaders Sunday called for an escalation of attacks against Israel, heighteoing fears that the violence in South Lebanon will intensify.

Hizbollah spokesman Sheikh Hassan Nasrallah declared in Lebanoo that Shi'ite fighters would "march to Jerusalem. Israel should realise that it is facing another era, the era of Imam Khomeini."

Hizbollah is made up of radical Shi'ite zealots loyal to Iran's revolutionary patriarch, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini. A Hizbollah leader, Sheikh Subhi Tofaili, vowed that the

struggle until Israel is removed from existence." Hadi Afkahi, political adviser to Iran's embassy in Beirut, also called for "more attacks against

guerrillas would "keep up the

Israel's security.' They spoke at rallies in the Shi'ite strongholds of east Lebanon's Bekaa Valley, South Lebanon and south Beirut to eulogise 19 Hizbollahis killed in a clash with Israeli soldiers and their

militia allies of the South Lebanon Army (SLA) April 18. In Iran's holy city of Qom, Hojatoleslam Rahmani, head of the volunteer forces of the fanatical Revolutionary Guards, de-clared Sunday: "Hizbollah is the vanguard for the liberation of

Jernsalem." Iran's official Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) quoted him as calling on Shi'ite fighters to "deal more fatal blows against the Zionists."

"Removing Israel from existence is a matter of existence for us. We are capable of massing thousands of fighters," Mr. Tofaili said. "Israel's threats and warnings

do not frighten our people," he added, referring to leaflets dropped by Israeli warplanes in South Lebanoo last week vowing 'violent steps" if guerrilla attacks continued Mr. Nasrallah said that Hizbol-

killing of its fighters.

lah holds the 5,800-strong U.N. Interim Force In Lebanon (UNI-FIL) "responsible" for the

Life returns to normal in Beirut after strikes

tween its Falangist and opposi-tion members, who are due to

resume talks on the economy

next Thursday, a week after their

Sunni Muslim Prime Minister

Rashid Karami has urged the

implementation of measures out-

session chaired by President

have refused to meet the Falan-

gist president since he rejected a

Syrian-backed peace pact for Lebanon in January 1986.

observed, there were no marches

or demonstrations and few

Lebanese seemed to believe it

make those responsible for the

The three-day strike was just a vacation for workers," said

Saced, 41, a father of three.

"How can the strike achieve its

aim when the state is bankrupt

and its resources are in the hands

state had collected only 200 mil-

"An open strike was needed to

Although the strike was widely

The full cabinet last met in

Amin Gemayel.

would be effective.

housewife, asked.

first meeting in seven months.

BEIRUT (R) - Life returned to normal in Lebanon Monday after a three-day nationwide strike in protest at economic hardship, but factional disputes continued to cripple the "national unity" govern-

Banks, shops, schools and businesses reopened and traffic clogged streets in Beirut, but the Lebanese army, angered at snip-ers who killed a corporal last week, kept shut a main road across the "green line" battlefront dividing the capital.

Antoine Bichara, head of the General Labour Federation which called the strike, has threatened new stoppages unless the government takes action to curb inflation and meet pay de-

"We are headed for an indefinite escalation in the strike unless the state sympathises with the people after 12 years of civil war," he told federation mem-

Mr. Bichara urged cahinet ministers and parliament to meet daily in emergency session to deal with an economic crisis marked by the near-collapse of the Lebanese pound, soaring prices, rising unemployment and a

The pound closed Monday at 118 to the dollar, down from 114.75 last Wednesday on the eve of the strike. The currency was worth 18 to the dollar at the beginning of 1986 and has lost 28 per cent of its international value so far this year.

The government appears large-ly paralysed by political rifts be-

PARIS (R) — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir began a

four-day official visit to France

welcomed Shamir and they held a

short round of talks but made no

Shamir, who is to hold further

talks with Mr. Chirac and Social-

ist President François Mitterrand,

said before leaving for France

that he continued to favour direct

talks between Israel and its Arab

the cause of peace," be said. "On

the contrary, there is a danger it

The idea of an international

peace conference, which has won

the support of European nations.

Egypt. Jordan, the Palestine Li-

beration Organisation (PLO) and

the Soviet Union, has caused

The rightwing Likud prime

minister aims to sway official

French support for such a confer-

A conference will not serve

neighbours....

Israeli government.

Shamir arrives in Paris

venue in 1986, against budget projections of four billion pounds (\$33 million).

A banking source said the measures outlined by ministers last week - a return to state control of ports and other public utilities and the reopening of crossing points between Christian east and mainly Muslim west Beirut --would belp alleviate the crisis.

"But an effective solution lies in reconciliation among the con-flicting parties (in the civil war)," the source said.

lined at last week's session, but Syrian-Lebanese talks on ways Falangist, led by Finance Minis-ter Camille Chamoun, have in-sisted that official decisions can to end the civil war and reconcile Falangist and opposition factions through political reforms have only be taken at a full cabinet been stalled for several weeks. Fundamental differences on

Syria's role in Lebanon are at the root of sectarian wrangling. Mr. Karami said at the weekend that the presence of the Syrian army, now in control of

October 1985. Muslim ministers west Beirut as well as much of east and north Lebanon, had preserved the existence of Lebanon.

Mr. Chamoun, who is close to hardline Falangist militia leader Samir Geagea, said in reply: "It's the Syrian army's presence which is a danger for Lebanon's existsituation really feel the impact.

Despite the recriminations, Shi'ite Muslim parliament speaker Hussein Husseini, who convened the ministerial meeting, said Sunday night a date for resuming the dialogue between of militias?" Samia, a 49-year-old Damascus and representatives of Mr. Gemayel would be set this Mr. Karami said last week the week, Beirut newspapers re-

Iran puts Mr. Mitterrand, who is to meet Shamir on Wednesday, said last

Monday reiterating his opposi-tion to the idea of an internation-al conference on Middle East sirable if not imminent. week in Morocco that an international peace conference was de-French officials said the discusreadiness' Prime Minister Jacques Chirac sions this week would also touch

on the situation in the Israelioccupied territories. They said Shamir would be asked to specify whether Israel was ready to negotiate on the fate of all or part of the territories.

"If a conference takes place, the future of a part of the territories will have to be negotiated," said an official, who declined to Apparent moves by Israel and

relations, one of many stumbling blocks to a regional peace process, will also be discussed. In an interview with the overseas French state network Radio France Internationale Monday, Shamir said recent signs of Soviet considerable friction within the willingness to ease strain were 'symbolic, public relations

moves, with no concrete changes." He said Moscow had failed to ence, which is also backed by open the doors to Jews who Israel's Labour Foreign Minister Shimon Peres who visited France wanted to emigrate.

navy 'in full combat

LONDON (R) - The commander of the Iranian navy has said that Iran had over 80 ships "in full combat readiness" to counter any threat in the Gulf and the Strait of Hormoz, the Iranian News Agency IRNA reported.

It said Captain Mohammad-Hussein Malekzadegan briefed President Ali Khamenei on the navy's strength and expansion at a meeting in Teluan Sunday.

"more than 80 warships, frigates missile-launchers and logistic ships together with helicopters and hovercrafts, the number of which he said was unprecedented in Iranian naval history, are in full combat readiness," it re-

Mr. Khamenei, who heads Iran's Supreme Defence Council, "gave further guidelines on the navy's confrontation with encmies' plots in the region," added singer Ferhat Mehenni, was the agency, received in London.

Kuwait investigates car bomb explosion

KUWAIT (Agencies) — Kuwaiti security forces Monday investigated a car-bomb blast at an oil complex close to several other bomh incident sites over the past

(KUNA) said a booby-trapped car exploded Sunday in a parking lot at Kuwait Petroleum Company (KPC) buildings in Ahmadi Port 32 kilometres south of the capital. There were no casualties.

The State Security Court this month began the trial in camera of 16 Kuwain men, four of them still at large, for sabotage at key oil sites in July 1986 and January this year.

They were charged in connection with bombings at and near Ahmadi, hub of the country's oil refining and export operations, and a car bombing near KPC's

Kuwait City headquarters. Newspapers Monday quoted the emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, in a speech before Sunday's blast, as urging the na-tion to maintain "vigilance in the face of the enemies of Kuwait who try to undermine our security.

"We have no ambitions against anybody, but we will not permit anyone to encroach on our dignity, independence or stability," he

was quoted as saying.

"We are determined to continue our policy of even-handedness towards the superpowers, friendship towards all states and non-subservience to anyone." Kuwait has drawn heavy critic-

sm from Tehran over its backing for Iraq in the Gulf war, and for involving the superpowers in moves to ship its oil safely, Of the last 20 shipping attacks attributed to Iran in the so-called Gulf "tanker war," maritime extension of the ground conflict, most were against vessels trading with Kuwait.

Benjedid pardons human rights activists

ALGUERS (R) Eight Algerran human rights activists were re-leased after being granted a pardon by President Chadli Benjedid, the official news agency

They included Faouzi Rebaine leader of the outlawed Algerian League of Human Rights, who was jailed for 10 years on Dec. 25, 1985, for "threatening state authority by incitement," distribution of tracts and creating an illegal organisation.

At an earlier trial in 1985, 22 members of the group who faced the same charges were jailed for terms ranging from six months to three years. One of them, pop

Heriya Archaeological Mascaus: Has an excellent collection of the anti-quities of Jordan. Jahal Al Qal'u (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Coned Theoriest.

holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jurdam Parlsoni Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and scriptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Musim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Mambanh, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128.

Martyra' Memorial (Military Massesse): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revelt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

Palestinians differ on benefits of PNC meeting

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R)

— Palestinian leaders in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip expressed divergent views Monday on whether the Algiers meeting of the Palestine National Council (PNC) was beneficial to their cause.

Supporters of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). which enjoys strong support among the 1.3 million Palestinians in the occupied areas, hailed the PNC meeting as mark-ing a new united stand among nationalists. Others said the meeting that ended Sunday made errors that would perpetuate predictable. Israeli occupation.

Israeli officials said they were proved correct in predicting that the council, the PLO's "parliament-in-exile," would adopt what they called extremist stands by which the organisation would eliminate itself from the Middle East peace process.

The Israelis had predicted that reconciliation between PLO leader Yasser Arafat and breakaway radical Palestinian groups would be mostly beneficial to the lef-

Israeli officials said the most lasting results of the meeting were decisions to abrogate publicly the PLO's political cooperation agreement with Jordan and effectively reduce ties with

Egypt. However, Israeli officials looked less certain Monday than before that they might now find local Palestinians to come forward to negotiate with them.

One analyst of local Arab opinion, Sami Al Aboudi, news editor of the nationalist weekly Al Fair, said West Bank and Gaza reactions to the PNC meeting were My newspaper carried out a

poll last year showing about three quarters of people in the occupied areas support PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat. The same people today support his stance in Algiers," Mr. Aboudi told Renters.

Among Palestinians expressing itisfaction with the results of the PNC meeting was Gaby Baramki, respected president of Birzeit University. He said the PNC not only revived national unity "but drew away from Syria those

Liberation Front (EPLF) and two

smaller separatist movements.

according to diplomatic sources.

The EPLF also controls a zone

round Nakfa in the north west

Only the heavily guarded road from Masawa, which winds 115 kilometres up the East African

rift valley escarpment to Asmara

and on 90 kilometres to Karen is

allowed only in daylight under

gnard of army posts on every strategic hilltop. On most other roads, including those linking

Eritrea to the rest of Ethiopia, traffic moves only in specially

Muslim and for centuries it re-

mained beyond the effective con-

trol of Ethiopia's Christian

emperors, based in the central

Italian colonial rule from 1889

The late Emperor Haile Selas-

sie was never keen on Eritrean

antonomy and abolished it in

From the outset, the secession-

to 1941 further enhanced Erit-

rea's sense of separate identity but it was finally incorporated

The Red Sea coast is largely

Even on this route, travel is

corner of Eritrea.

considered safe.

escorted convoys.

highlands.

fluenced by that country. Ismael Taziz, head of the Wen.

Bank Pharmacists' Association and a supporter of hard-line stances, said the gains of the PNC meeting were useful in ciarifying positions towards Egypt and opening the way for better ties

Opposing views were express-ed by Bethlehem Mayor Elias Freij, who said many local residents were disappointed and that PNC decisions had set the peace process back at least six months. The strongest critical reaction

came Sunday from Rashad Shawa, deposed mayor of Gaza. He said the PNC was guilty of blunders and described cancelling the Feb. 11 accord with Jordan as "a

Mr. Shawa, a veteran of anti-Israeli causes, said local Palesti-nians felt they had been let down and no truly helpful decision had been taken.

Weizman ready to meet Arafat

Meanwhile Israeli Cabinet

MAP OF ETHIOPIA

secented an invitation to meet Mr. Arafat at the United Nations

but set conditions Mr. Arafat was unlikely to meet. A spokesman for the dovice former defence minister, now a minister without portfolio, said Weizman was told that Mr. Atafat made the invitation in an

interview with Radio Monne

"Minister Weizman has not heard the interview but he has no problems about meeting Arafat," spokesman Arye Shumer told

Reuters.
"Minister Weizman's only condition is that Arafat must renonnce terrorism and accept U.N. Security Council Resolu-tions 242 and 338," Shumer said.

The PNC Sunday reaffirmed its support for the armed struggle against Israel and again rejected Resolution 242, which implicitly recognises Israel's right to exist and mentions the Palestinians

only as a refngee problem.

Last week, Weizman said Israel would ultimately have to negotiate with the PLO, with which it refuses all contact.

SAUDI ARABIA

Ethiopia's civil war drags on unacknowledged 🥥 rillas of the Eritrean People's

By Robert Powell

ASMARA, Ethiopia - Officially, the 26-year-old war of secession in Ethiopia's northern pro-

vince of Eritrea does not exist. It is never mentioned in official statements by the Soviet-backed Marxist government in Addis Ahaba. Since few foreigners re-ceive permission to visit this ; and mountainous region on the Red Sea coast, little news of the fighting filters through to the outside

But the 28 Soviet-built fighterbombers and 16 camouflaged helicopters at Asmara's heavily defended airport remind the visitor that this is a war zone.

The airport is surrounded by trenches, reinforced every few hundred meters by machine gun nests and tanks sitting in shallow

According to local residents, rebels attacked it twice last year: In January, a commando group penetrated the airfield's heavy defences and spent 30 minutes blowing up planes, while in June into Ethiopia as an autonomous the rebels bombarded a military province in 1952. barracks on the airfield.

Virtually no fighting has been reported in Asmara itself, a 1962, provoking a guerrilla rebel-lion which continues to this day. asant city built by the Italians, 2.300 metres above sea level in the cool of the Eritrean high-

to 5 a.m. curefew.

Public buildings are sand-bagged and guarded, several streets overthrown in 1974 and a proare blocked off for security Soviet military government reasons and military trucks with emerged in Addis Ababa. machine guns mounted in the rear cruise the town.

Masawa have remained in gov- they controlled the whole of Eriternment hands and since 1978 the rea, except for the besieged authorities have controlled most towns of Asmara and Masawa.

other towns in the province...

ist movement was strongly Isla-The atmosphere is tense and mic and Marxist in nature and Asmara is subject to a midnight and the Soviet Union.

Communist backing disappeared after Haile Selassie was

The rebels took advantage of the political crisis to make sweep-Asmara and the nearby port of ing advances and by mid-1977

Soviet military aid and bitter But the arid mountainous infighting among the rebels encountryside is dominated by guer- abled the government to mount a

GULF OF ADEN

accessful counter-offensive. By the end of 1978, it has recaptured all of Eritrea's main towns and pushed the guerrillasback into the province's mountains. Since then there has been a military stalemate, complicated

ligray province.

Diplomatic sources say that occasionally one side advances a little against the other, one or two towns falling to the guerrillas for

The rebels have only managed to maintain unbroken control of their mountain stronghold in Nakfa, they say.

According to the sources, both the Eritrean guerrillas and the Tigray People's Liberation Front (TPLF) receive arms and finance

despite Islamic backing, they remain Marxist, anti-Soviet and anti-American in outlook. Some of the rebel arms are

channelled overland through Sudan, where an estimated 800,000 Ethiopians live in refugee camps just over the border.

The gnerrillas' military according to the diplomatic sources, the EPLF holds 8,000 to 10,000 captured soldiers and the TPLF a smaller, but still considerable number.

The last major battle known to have taken place was at Sekota, a

brigades of government troops. numbering about 6,000 men, in a battle which cost the army heavy 3 losses, they said.

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Acres

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE Programme Review Cartoons and children's prog

Traditional Medicines in Africa Local Programme 20:00 Local debate on legal issues
Songs from the movies (Arabic)
...... News Summary in Arabic

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(documentary)						
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RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19

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10	0:00	News Summar
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1.3	:05	Pop Session Contd
		News Bulletin
		Just a Minute
15	:00	Concert Hou
16	:00	News Summary
16	:05	Instrumental
16	:30	Old Favourite
	:00	
	:30	Pop Session
	-00	News Summary
	:05	Sports Roundup
	:30	Sports Roundup
	:00	News Desi
20	:00	Evening Show

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News Summary
Evening Show Continued

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

97:00 Newsdesk 97:30 A Night to Remember 97:45 Reflections 97:50 Financial News 98:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours: News Summary 68:30 Nature Notebook 98:45 Recording of the Week 69:00 Newsdesk 69:30 Co the week 9750 News 10:09 24 Hours: News Summary 10:30 Half Hour Drama 11:00 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 Training for Tomor-row 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 Good Books 12:30 Financial News 13:00 News Summary; Questions of Faith 13:30 Half Hour Drama 14:00 World News 14:09 News About Britain 14:15 Training for Tomorrow 14:20 Album Time 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Hoax 15:45 Sports Round-up 16:00 World News 16:09 24 Hours: News Summary 16:30 You Ain't Heard Nothin' Yet! 17:00 News Summary; Outlook 17:45 Hotel du Lac 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 Questions of Faith 18:45 Kings of Swing 19:00 World News 19:29 Com-mentary 19:15 Here's Health! 19:30 Performing Early Music 28:15 The Drama 14:00 World News 14:09 News mentary 19:15 Here's Health! 19:30
Performing Early Music 29:15 The
History of Radio Comedy 29:30 Open
Door Policies 20:40 Book Choice 20:15
The History of Radio Comedy 20:50
Sports Round-up 21:00 Newsdeak
00:15 Performing Early Music 09:30
Vintage Chart Show 02:15 Here's
Health! 02:30 How Safe is Nuclear

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740,

Morning 67:60 News 67:10 Newsline 67:30 VOA Morning 68:00 News 08:10 Newsline 68:30 VOA Morning 69:00 News 69:16 Newsline 69:30 VOA Morning 18:00 News 18:10 Newsline 18:30 Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Focus 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Magazine Show 21:00 News 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Newsline America 22:30 Music USA 23:00 News & Editorial 23:15 Music USA Jazz 24:00 News 24:18 World

WHAT'S GOING ON TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

* An exhibition of children's books from Britain at Abdul Hamood Sho-man Foundation in Shmei uni (April

An art exhibition by Ahmad Na'wash at the French Cultural Centre (until

At art exhibition by Samer Obeidat and Issum Al Sabah at the Housing Bank Gallery.

2nd Spring Festival for children, at the Royal Cultural Centre, (until April

" The ABC News at 7:00 p.m. at the American Centre.

"Murder on the Orient Express" at 7:30 p.m. at the British Council.

CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 661026/7 American Centre ... American Centre Ebrary French Cultural Centre Goethe Institute ... viet Cultural Centre ish Cultural Centre wkish Cultural Centre Haya Arts Centre

"Children's Heritage and Science Massam? Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Aris Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:00 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Feidure p.m. Closed on Friday.

CHILDREN'S FESTIVAL

ABC NEWS

FEATURE FILM

CHURCHES

.. 644371 .. 641520 Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. . *63700*9 Jabai Luweibdeh, mass in Italian b guage, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Amusciation (Greek 644C03 624049 . 639777 665195 Hinsein Youth City _____Y.W.C.A. 667181/6 Tel. 771331.

MUSEUMS

Fulctore Misseum: Jowelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mossics from Madaba and Jerish (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Am-man. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760. **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it

AIRPORT

Singapore, Kunia Lumpur (14)
Aqaba RU
Cairo RU

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Amunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. 16:18 24:99 24:16 De la Salle Claurch (Roman Catholic) Terrasanta Cherch (Roman Catholic),

Orthodox) Abdall, Tel. 673541.
Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906. san Catholic Church Ashrafich, Armenian Orthodox Church Ashra-fieh, Tel. 775261. 12:30 St. Ephratus Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashratish, Tel. 771751. Anumus International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Geneva, London RJ 13:45 Kuwait (R) Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. Amman, 6th Circle, (Rev. N. Smir), Tel. 811295. . Cerro RJ

FOR THE TRAVELLER

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Cairo (MS) Moscow (SU) Kuwait (KU) Riyadh (SV Zurich, Lamaca (SR

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) Acaba IU Rome RI TripoE RJ ... Amsterdam, New York (R) Athens RJ Belgrade, Madrid RJ

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) Cairo (MS)

MONEY EXCHANGE

Monday rates Belgian franc
Dutch guilder
French franc
Italian lira
Japanese yen (for 100)
Swedish crown
Swiss franc
U.K. sterling pound
U.S. dollar . 544.6/ 551.3 . 327.9/ 330.8 . 183.8/ 186.4

PRAYER TIMES

12:33 19:16 WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of An increase in temperature is ex-pected, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Agaba, winds will be north-crly moderate and calm sea.

Min./mex. temp. Agaba .. Jordan Valley Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 17.6. Aqaba 25. Humidity readings: Anaman 35 per cent, Aqaba 33 per cent.

by the emergence of a new guerrilla movement in neighbouring

a few months before being recaptured by the army.

remote town in Tigray province on Nov. 7, the sources said. A force of 5,000 TPLF guernillas captured the town from two

from various Arab states. But

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES Jordan Television Radio Jordan Ministry of Tourism 198, 199

57306 mbulance 193, 775111 manan downtown fire brigade 198 630341 . 66111 Fire beadquarters ..

Municipal water complaints 771125/8 Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60

HOSPITALS Khalidi Maternity, J. Ama ... 64281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Ama ... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 - 642362 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Musher Hospital The Islamic, Abbali 669131 845845 667227/9 666127/37 664164/6 777101/3 775111/26 Acmy, Marka ... 891611/15

Ouees Alia Hospital

Repair service NIGHT DUTY AMMAN: Dr. Ramzi Mezzawi Dr. Ali Asa'ad Electric Power Co. 636381/4, 624881 Municipal water complaints 771125/8 636730 ekh Phan Saheb pharmacy Khalaf pharmacy ... TAXES: Kayyali taxi Taxina taxi Tamer taxi 636730 Amman taxi Raghdan taxi R42474 736428 Dr. Subhi Hamdan 240194 Webda pharmacy

Hotel complaints

Price complaints

Telephone Information

Jordan and Middle East calls

MARKET PRICES

602240/50

ZAROA:

Upper/lower price in fils per kig. Apple (Lebanese & Turkish) 310 / 270	Mallow 320 / 2 Marrow 240 / 1
Apple (Lebanese & Turkish) 310 / 270	Marrow 240 / 1
Apple (Preach) 380 / 340	Onion (dry) 180 / 1
350 / 300	Onion (green) 160 / 1
Sensas (Mukanesar) 300 / 240	Orange (local)
Seans (local) 260 / 200	Ormes (Shannows)
Broad beams 160 / 100	Orange (Shammouti) 270 / 2
Bestroot 100 / 70	Peas 230 / 1
Cabbage 100 / 70	Pepper (hot)
Carrot (yellow) 90 / 60	Pomer (speet)
Selfiguer	Popper (sweet) 240 / 1
Documbers 180 / 130	Potato
geplant (large) 180 / 140	Spinesh.
egplant (small) 180 / 140	Spinach
Garlic (green)	Tomatoes
emon200 / 140	
	Vine leaves 600 / 5

(مكن امن المعل

Khayyat, Saudi officials discuss Haj arrangements

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Abdul Aziz Al Khayyat Monday returned home after a several-day visit to Saudi Arabia where he and Saudi officials discussed bilateral relations in religious and pilgrimage (Haj) fields.
Dr. Khayyat said he and his

Sandi counterpart discussed arrangements for the pilgrimage to Mecca for Jordanians and pilgrims from the occupied Arab territories. The arrangements, he said, will provide services and facilitate the pilgrimage by making available good transportation and comfortable accommodation in pilgrimage areas.
He added that the ministry will soon issue regulations for the pilgrimage season after the ministry of Haj (pilgrimage) and Awqaf in Saudi Arabia draws up this year's regulations and proce-

Th minister added that he and Saudi officials discussed setting up a permanent camp in Mount Arafat for Jordanian pilgrims and a second camp in Mena.

Dr. Khayyat went on to say that he also discussed the possibility of allowing Egyptian pil-grims to perform the Haj to Mecca via Jordan.

AARRO decides to establish audit office, raise efficiency

AMMAN (Petra) — An executive committee of the Afro-Asian Rural Reconstruction Organisation (AARRO) held a meeting here Monday under the chair-manship of Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Yousef Hamdan Al

Jaber, and decided on estabhishing-an audit office to conduct work for the India-hased AARRO.

The meeting also discussed measures aimed at raising the efficiency and performance of re-

Husseini fixes post office hours for month of Ramadan

Husseini Monday issued a communique fixing the office hours for various post offices during the holy month of Ramadan. Mr. Husseini said that post offices with switch boards will continue to work around the clock, including Fridays and official holidays, while office hours at the Amman central post office will be from 6.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m., including

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Fridays and official holidays dur-Communications Muhieddine ing the fasting month of

> The minister fixed the office hours for main post offices in the governorates, district centres and in the various areas of Amman from 8.00 a.m. to 6.00 p.m. throughout the week, excluding Fridays and official holidays when office hours will be from 8.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.

Cabinet forms committee to reclassify contractors

Monday approved a recommendation by the Ministry of Public Works to form a committee for the reclassification of grade one contractors. The committee comprises the director of the government tenders department as chairman, the president of the Jordan Contractors Association (JCA) and a representative for each of the Jordan Engineers' Association, the Armed Forces, the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment, the Central Bank of Jordan and two representatives

for the Ministry of Public Works. The Cabinet also approved the minister of public works recom-mendation that a special committee be formed and entrusted with reclassifying grade six contrac-tors. The committee will be tional sports events.

AMMAN (Petra) - The Cabinet headed by vice president of the JCA and will group a representa-tive from each of the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs, the Ministry of Public Works, the Greater Amman Council and the engineers' association.

Also Monday the Cabinet endorsed a bealth cooperation agreement between Jordan and Sudan. The agreement, which will be signed within the next few days, aims at developing and bolstering existing cooperation between both countries in the bealth related affairs.

The Cabinet also endorsed the Jordanian Olympic committee regulation, governing the proce-dures related to supporting sports activities in Jordan and the Kingdom's participation in interna-

Provincial governors call for timely decentralisation

in a three-day symposium on pro-vincial governors and their role in sein expressing their gratitude for His Majesty's efforts in support of development in various economie, social and administrative

They also sent a cable to His Royal Highness Crown Prince-Hassan, voicing appreciation for his leading role in development efforts and efforts to improve provincial planning,

The symposium, which concinded bere on Monday, recommended a number of measures

AMMAN (Petra) - Participants designed to cope with the recent changes brought about by the five-year development plan. The development Monday sent a symposium called for work to-cable to His Majesty King Hus-wards decentralisation at the provincial levels. This should be done, according to the symposium, by a specific schedule. The participants in the sympo-

sium, who are mainly governors and district officers, stressed the need to implement the new administrative system, whereby each province is to be divided into local administrative units, such as governorates and is to have legal status and independence. Such units will be headed by governors who will act as representatives of the executive power.

New TV series aims to make learning fun Films on location

By Najwa Najjar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The premiere showing of the Arabic television literacy series "Al Manaahil" on Sunday offered the audience a sneakpreview of the series which will be shown throughout the Kingdom at the beginning of the holy

month of Ramadan. Invitees were shown one episode of the 65 balf-bour television programme during a reception held under the patronage of Mrs. Lifta Sharaf: former minister of information: The programmes combine entertainment and education; ald are designed primarily as a supplement to school instruction in basic reading and language skills. The series is deed for children ages six to ten, but, it can also belp adults who

want to become literate. The sample episode featured a repertory company of 13 actors and actresses performing diffe-rent roles in a variety of innovative and lively formats, such as humourous game shows, comedy skits, commercially, and movie

director scene. Sophisticated production techniques to attract and hold the viewers' attention include live action films, animation, and electronic writing, which augment the studio segments. One animated character which caught the audience's attention was the hero, Litterman, who "faster than the wink of the ain (eye)," can save the day by replacing letters in

The producer of the programmes, Zaid Farid, said that the main theme 'is recognition of the letters and building on the letters." The reading goals and teaching approaches were tailored specifically to the structure of the Arabic language and the methods used to teach reading in Arab countries. The characters, setting, music, and style of humour are Arabic, said Mr. To obtain a pan-Arah flavour

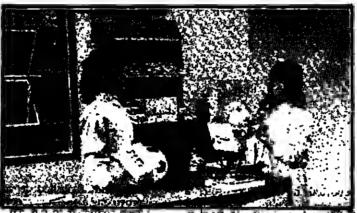
for the show, 100 live action films bave been sbot on location throughout the Arah World. Some films focus on historic sites, while others stress the unique aspects of the individual coun-

Such a programme was deemed necessary because "without being armed with education, life can not be faced," said Mr. Farid. He said that knowledge is important in personal life and in national development, which in the development, Mr. Lewis Reade, director of. the United States Agency for International Development.

(USAID), said that "USAID" views education development as vital to Jordan's development." USAID has provided \$5.9 million for the project in the form of a grant, said Mr. Reade. He estimates the total cost of the programmes, including the research, to be \$6.3 million, with the Jordanian government making up the

Tom Richoi, the private sector coordinator from USAID, said the major problem in production was "obtaining the funds from USAID, the government of Jor-dan and Jordan Television (JTV)." "All sectors thought this would be a profit-making project. However, we found out after a few months that educational television programmes do not usually make profit, or hreak even," Mr. Richoi explained, adding that the main benefit of producing the programme "was that members in the society read and write better." The programme took two years and will not stop after

the 65 programmes are hroad-cast, according to Mr. Richoi. The project was a joint venture between Children's Television Workshops (CTW) and JTV, and was produced by the Jordan Company for TV, Radio and Cinema Production (JCTV). The programme involved the collabo-rated efforts of producers, sub-



material for the vast array of customers she serves. Neither the customers, friends nor viewers who enter her shop can escape her infectious personality or "lessons." Scene from Al Manashil prog-

ject matter specialists to ensure the accuracy and appropriateness of the content, and child research specialists, to represent the needs, interests, and abilities of the target audiences.

Arab advisory board

A multinational Arab advisory board was formed to identify the linguistic needs of Arab children and to formulate a detailed statement of the series goals and objectives, said Mr. Farid. The advisors are from Egypt, Yemen Arab Republic, Tunisia, Morocco, and Jordan. Over the past two years, they held five seminars in New York and Amman to plan and develop the project. The seminars were attended by Al Manaahil's linguistic specialists, producers, researchers, writers and educators.

In the spring 1986, the committee met again to review five pilot programmes containing more than 60 trial skits to determine which approaches should be used in the programmes, Mr. Farid continued. The reactions of audiences from different classes and ages were recorded and analysed will be she by educators, added Mr. Reade. 3:00 p.m.

To belp the staff understand how children would respond to the, pilot projects, a research team from the University of Jordan presented results of the testing of the pilot programmes among: target audiences of Jordanian children. Formal evaluation of the series are being planned after the 65 programmes are screened. "JTV, which has the rights to

Al Manaahil, will be distributing the series to around 15 Arab countries at minimal cost," said Mr. Reade. He added that the money recovered will be used for the production of other educational programmes.

Al Manaahil, in addition to

addressing the reading needs of Arab countries, will incoporate Arah cultural and spiritual values, scientific method, dignity of manual labour, appreciating women's role in society, developing good health habits, encouraging team work and cooperation, respecting the views of others and having consideration for the elderly and disabled.

The first episode of the series.

will be aired on the first day of the holy month of Ramadan, and will be shown every other day at

Graduates face new economic challenges, CSC president says

AMMAN (Petra) — President of the Civil Service Commission (CSC) Ibrahim Izzeddin Monday said that Jordan has faced many challenges since the mid-seventies, and that they were brought about both by the development process and by the oil revolution. He said that the political, economic and social situations throughout the Arab World also contributed to creating those challenges. Jor-dan's response, he said, has been to increase enrollment in schools and universities and widen communications and contacts with the

Addressing students of the Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST), Mr. Izzeddin reviewed the problems facing graduates and ways of overcoming them. He pointed out that there are new ideas and proposals for overcoming these problems,

particularly among graduates.

Speaking about administrative reform, Mr. Izzeddin said that administrative reform does not only mean tackling administrative aspects, but it should be a political, administrative, economic, and social effort aimed at making

constructive changes.

He added that the Royal Commission for Administrative Reform has gone a long way in tackling issues obstructing the administrative development in Jordan. The committee has examined legislation and regulations governing the administrative development process and the interrelations among various government departments. It has also approved an organisational formula, under which all govern-ment departments could perform their activities efficiently and effectively, thus enabling them to

speed the development pace. Speaking on the new civil service regulation, Mr. Izzeddin said it reflected increased attention to administrative development and put it into an effective institutional framework. It also represents the first steps in a process of rationalisation of posts, because it attempts to reconcile merit and justice, Mr. Izzeddin said.

He went on to say that the number of graduates has overburdeped the local markets. Moreover, the growing number of graduates have coincided with a decrease in demand for labour in the Gulf countries; the result was a return of workers to Jordan.

Arab organisations, industries discuss joint economic action

opened its doors for joint Arab action and pan-Arab projects and is housing numerous Arab organisations and continues to host pan-Arab conferences in a bid to achieve greater inter-Arab cooperation and . attain more progress and prosperity for the Arah World, Minister of Labour and Social Development Khaled Al Haj Hassan said here Monday.

The minister was addressing a two-day meeting organised by the Arab Organisation for Industrial Development (AOID) held to discuss means of promoting the

work of pan-Arab companies. He said that the Arab summit meeting held in Amman in 1980 endorsed a joint Arab economic strategy which served as a guide-

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan has line for all pan-Arab economic opened its doors for joint Arab endeavours. This current meeting is part of joint Arab economic action and serves as a forum for coordinating economic efforts by different Arab states, the minister said. The AOID meeting held in Damascus in 1984 endorsed a number of industrial projects which could be jointly implemented by Arab countries and serve as an essential element in Arab industrial integration, the minister added.

He said that the AOID is currently involved in enlisting Arah countries' support for implementing joint industrial proects, and that this effort requires close coordination among Arab countries and between these countries and the AOID.

The AOID meeting in Amman coincides with a conference in Kuwait for promoting investments in Jordan and orienting Arab investors on opportunities available for them in the Kingdom, the minister continued. He said Jordan appreciates the AOID's decision to hold its meeting here and said that Jordan will offer all facilities for cooperation with Arab states.

The opening session was later addressed by Iraqi Minister of Industry Hatem Abdul Rashid, who also chairs the meetings. He said that the meetings are designed to arrive at a practical formula, enabling Arab countries to work together and make pan-Arah industrial schemes achieve

Khatib highlights Jordan's role in working for peace IRBID (Petra) — Minister of University involving students

Information Mohammad Al Khatib said that His Majesty King Hussein has focussed, in his contacts at the Arab and international levels, on reaching a just and durable solution to the Arab-Israeli conflict through an international peace conference. The conference would be attended by all parties concerned, and the five permanent member countries of the U.N. Security Council.

Speaking at the opening of a seminar Monday at Yarmouk

from the mass communication and journalism department and students from other faculties, Mr. Khatib stressed that Jordan, in its endeavours to achieve Arah unity, has been working towards mending inter-Arab differences in order to achieve a unified and inflnential Arah stand.

The Jordanian media, Mr. Khatib said, has focussed on keeping in tonch with Arah citizens in the occupied Arah territories to support their stead-

U.S. war college team looks into regional developments

AMMAN (Petra) — Secretary General of the Fnreign Ministry Tayseer Touqan Monday re-ceived a visiting delegation from the U.S. National War College to review developments in the Palestine question and Jordan's position on finding a just, comprebensive and durable peace for the region. Mr. Tongan stressed Jordan's stand, calling for holding an international peace conference to be attended by all parties involved in the Middle East conflict, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation, and the five permanent member states of the United Nations Security

Mr. Thugan explained Jordan's" stand on the Gulf war to the delegation and said that Jordan

supports Iraq in its war. He pointed out that Iraq has always announced its acceptance of a peaceful settlement to the war and has responded to all internatinnal efforts aimed at putting an end to this destructive conflict. Mr. Tougan expressed bope that world countries would stop supplying Iran with arms and called for intensified international efforts to convince Iran to accept a peaceful solution to the war.

Earlier on Monday Army Chief of General Staff Lt.-Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb received Rear Admiral John Addams, head of the U.S. National War College and reviewed military situation in the region. The meeting was attended by the U.S. military attache in Amman.

UAE minister tours agricultural stations, projects

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of-Agriculture Marwan Al Himoud Monday accompanied visiting UAE Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries Sai'd Mohammad Ruqbani on a tour to Hussein Agricultural Station in Baqaa, the Zarqa Basin Development Pro-ject and King Talal Dam.

In Baqaa, the minister was briefed on the activities of the National Centre for Research and Transfer of Technology, which is part of the Hussein Agricultural

Mr. Rnqbani then was briefed on the Zarqa Basin Development Project and its role in preventing soil erosion, preserving produc-tion capacity of arable land and the storing capacity of King Talal Dam. Mr. Ruqbani also visited Al Faisal nursery in Jerash, where he was briefed about its role in agricultural development by providing farmers with fruit-bearing and forest trees. On Smiday, the visiting minis-

ter toured the central Jordan Valley area and the Dead Sea. His tour included the Agricultural Products Marketing Centre, the Jordan Valley Anthority centre and the Department of Agriculture's office in the central Jordan

Accompanying the minister on his tours on Monday were Dr. Salem Al Lawzi, Under Secretary of Ministry of Agriculture, and Director General of Forests Ghaleb · Abu Orabi.

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Secretaries' Day party eases office formality

By Nermeen Murad Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Were you wondering where your husband was on Sunday night? If your husband is a company manager the likeli-hood was that he was out with his secretary. But hold your hreath, there is a good explanation.

Secretaries in Jordan Sunday celebrated "Secretaries' Day" at a party organised by the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel. They had a rare chance to take their employers out for a night on the town. No wives - only bosses and secretaries allowed.

The party, with drinks, food and oriental dancing - was described by most secretaries as 'excellent "

However, not all secretaries were so enthusiastic about having their bosses looking over their shoulders as they were trying to

have fun out of working bours. The proximity of the secretaries to their bosses gave a hint of how close their business relationship was. While some "cou-



'A melange of secretaries dance the night away on Secretaries' Day, Sunday, at the Intercontinental Hotel.

ples" felt comfortable throughout the party, others avoided their bosses at any cost.

Giggles and laughter mixed with sighs of frustration could be heard throughout the ballroom as secretaries and employers read the slogans on the walls: "Behind every good boss is an even better

secretary;" "A good boss is a rarity and the key to his success is his secretary." Other slogans

Dance competition

were not so subtle: "Your secretary is only human so stop barking

An oriental dance competition, ness lunches to arrange.

the highlight of the party, drew-mixed reactions among the guests. Some secretaries joked that the competition would not only be a test of their dancing skills but it could also mean getting a raise or maybe cause problems at work.

Secretaries were clamouring for a chance to win the lottery which offered them a chance to get away from their bosses on a trip to Singapore. It was not made clear whether the ticket would be given to the secretary alone or to her boss also. There were other trips to Larnaca and

Although the party was a successful social event, business was not totally forgotten. Businessmen gathered in small groups to discuss their work. All the while, the unsuspecting secretaries were out enjoying the party, unaware of their employers schemes to burden them with more business letters to write, more appointments to make, and more busi-

Step backward

THE Egyptian government's decision yesterday to close down PLO offices in Cairo following the 18th Palestine National Council's "hostile" resolutions towards Egypt should come as no surprise to those observers who have been following events on the Palestinian front over the past few weeks. President Hosni Mnbarak and his senior aides had flashed a number of warning lights to the PLO against adopting such a resolution on Egypt by the PNC, and what they did yesterday was no more than a logical and expected follow-up to these warnings. Things could have gone differently, of course, but only if PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat chose to go against the wishes of his more hardline Palestinian colleagues in the Popular and Democratic Fronts for the Liberation of Palestine.

In any way, the fact that Mr. Arafat opted for a tough-language resolution on Palestinian relations with Cairo means that to him good relations with the Egyptian government are not at the present as important as maintaining the new-found unity of his organisation and subsequently as improving the prospects of reconciliation with Syria and other Arab countries as well. We do not see this latest development in Palestinian-Egyptian relations as a positive contribution towards rebuilding Arab solidarity and serving the Palestinian cause. But it is equally futile and wrong to start apportioning blame on this or the other party for this newest failure in attempts to close Arab ranks.

Despite what happened yesterday we still have the hope that the step backwards in PLO-Egypt relations does not have the aura of finality and irreversibility to it — just as much as there is no finality and irreversibility in inter-Arab fends and conflicts and alliances generally. Let tempers cool down first, and let us see how this new failure can be tackled and corrected along with the others before it that have plagued the Arab World.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: EC working actively

THE European Community (EC) did not suffice itself by issuing the Brussels declaration hut followed it up with active work as represented in the visits of the Belgian foreign minister to the Middle East and talks with the leaders of Jordan, Egypt and Saudi Arabia. The EC and the Belgian minister, Mr. Leo Tindemans, are carrying out endeavours for convening the international peace conference which is bound to bring an end to the Arab-Israeli conflict. The EC ministers who opened meetings in Brussels on Sunday will hear a report by the Belgian munister about the outcome of his trip to the Middle East and his views about problems that should be overcome for arriving at a formula leading to the conference. Mr. Tindemans said during his tour that the proposed conference should aim at implementing United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 to ensure a withdrawal of Israeli forces from all occupied Arah territories. The participation of the U.N. Security Council members provides a guarantee for the implementation of the resolutions, and the participation of all other parties to the conflict is essential for the peace process. Above all the participation of the PLO in the coming conference is bound to ensure the success of the meeting and provide the best guarantee for the future.

Al Dustour: A turning point

THE Palestine National Council (PNC) concluded its meetings in Algiers after heated debates, and arrived at a formula for ending differences among the various factions and unifying their effort for the struggle against Israel. Although ideological considerations overrode political issues in the process of fusing this unity, the council has nonetheless reaffirmed the PLO's principles and the course of action in relation with other Arah states. The PNC has laid stress to the importance of the unique relations between Jordan and Palestine, and called for the convening of an international coofereoce within an Arah concept to find a solution for the Middle East problem. The PNC also condemned Iran's occupation of Iraqi territory and appreciated Egypt's sacrifice and endeavours for serving the Arah Nation. The council also referred to the importance of maintaining strong relations with Syria and voiced total support for the Lebanese people in the face of Israel's occupation of southern Lehanoo. Hence we can say that the PNC meeting in Algiers marked a turning point in the Palestinian action.

Sawt Al Shaab: Jordan's seriousness

JORDAN'S decision to pay extra allowances for teachers and education officials in the occupied West Bank will have a far reaching effect. The decision means first of all that Jordan is committed to providing all necessary means that can bolster the steadfastness of the Arah people under Israeli rule in the face of Israel's repressive measures. Secondly, this decision means that Jordan is serious in its attempts to alleviate the sufferings of the Palestinian people in word and deed, and is determined to thwart enemy plans for evicting the indigenous population from their land. Thirdly, this decision reflects the Kingdom's full awareness of the dimensions of the Palestinian problem and Israel's aims and objectives, and its drive to impede all efforts for establishing peace. Jordan realises the great danger of Israel's expansionist designs, and is moving to thwart them and to enable the Arah citizens to resist enemy plans. The decision to help the education staff in the occupied territory is therefore essential toabort Israel's drive against Arah educational institutions and Arab school textbooks and staff who provide knowledge and enlightenment to the young generation, enabling it to resist Israel's occupatioo of Arab land.

The U.S. and the Gulf: Polishing up a tarnished image

By Fred Axelgard

Reagan administration to remain passive in the Middle East for its last two years have had a mild surprise. Word has spread of renewed U.S. interest in an international peace conference on the Middle East, and now the Reaganauts have suddenly begun to focus on the Gulf. Stirred by the political outcry over the Iran arms scandal, Washington's diplomatic machinery (such as it is) has been cranked up to give an impression of fresh and effective concern about the Gulf.

There are six discreet steps which can be discerned in the new U.S. initiative toward the Gulf. It has heen reported that the approach stems from Middle East policy meetings held within the istration in early Fehruary, but in fact lower level staff had already begun to abort possible "next steps" for the administration towards resuscitating the U.S. positioo in the area. Eventually this evolved into a broad, multi-faceted effort which combioes military and diplomatic moves, and involves the administratioo in some sensitive domestic, hilateral, and multilateral

But behind it all, nagging ques-tions linger. Will it work? Is it even supposed to work, in the sense of effecting a concrete change in the Gulf situation? The motive of diplomatic damage-control is transpareotly obvious. Also, judging from past experiences with this administration's regional initiatives — going back to Presideot Reagan's Middle East peace proposal of ptember 1982 — one is compelled to ask: Is the initiative a serious commitment, backed by an effective strategy with clear

THOSE who expected the objectives and plans for implementation? Or is it purely a cosmetic gesture by an administration that knows neither what it wants to accomplish in the Gulf nor how it might achieve it?

1. President Reagan's 25 February statement on the Iran-Iraq war was the first public point of departure on this initiative. Mr. Reagan denounced Iran for its intransigence in the Gulf war, for "its efforts to subvert its neighbours through terrorism and intimidation." Iraq had pressed vigorously for a high level state-ment of this kind ever since the Iran arms scandal broke and weleomed it warmly. For Mr. Reagan, it amounted to a reversal of his earlier avowals that Iran had ceased acts of terrorism, a stand which was very much at the heart of his justification for the idea of arms sales to Iran. This reversal was not picked up by the White House press corps, who failed to use it when Mr. Reagan again defended his original justification of the arms sale at his 19

March press conference.

2. Despatching U.S. naval forces to the Gulf has attracted more attention. U.S. ships sped toward the northern Gulf during Iran's worrying advances in January, supposedly to reassure Kuwait which was then hosting an Islamic summit. In March, in response to signals from Kuwait and Iran's placement of "Silkworm" missiles near the Strait of Hormuz, the U.S. made a very public offer to Kuwait to provide naval escorts for its tankers in the Gulf. Kuwait has reportedly deelined this offer, apparently after failing to arrive at arrangements which would meet the sensitivities of both superpowers. Kuwait

has now agreed to gain protectioo

for its ships by transferring registration of some of its tankers to the USSR. Nevertheless, the Pentagon has decided to build up naval presence in the area by stationing an aircraft carrier battle group permanently near the

3. Weapons for Arab allies is Washington's third tactic for bolstering its credibility in the Gulf. Given Congress's relentless opposition to Arab arms sales in the very recent past, it is difficult to imagine that the White House would seriously rely on this man-. ocuvre to improve its relations in the Arab world. Nevertheless. proposals to sell arms to Saudi Arabia, Jordan, and other countries have gone forward, seemingly with intent. This may reflect how desperate are the administration's straits with its Arab allies, and perhaps a calculation that the Pollard spy case and the Iran arms scandal have eased the uninhihited pro-Israel political climate oo Capitol Hill.

To date, Congress has not indulged in its usual strong, outspoken opposition to these proposals. Nevertheless, administration officials have been challenged in low-key but pointed ways on Capitol Hill. The inherent controversy has been accentuated by the fact that Mr. Reagan is proposing to sell the Arabs anti-armour munitions made from depleted uranium, against which Israeli tanks have no effective defence. It is expected that an outright political row will eventually doom these arms sales or that they will be so emasculated by compromise that. they will do little to restore Arab confidence toward Washington.

Gulf initiative deal w.dt the Iran-Irao war and bilateral relations

U.S. campaign to block Western arms sales to Iran was the most

urgings have been met with appre-Western allies who will not quickly be coralled into an airtight arms embargo against Iran.

reportedly been an important priority for Iraq. The U.S. has been constructively and energetically engaged in prompting consultations among Security Council members and interested parties, dating back to the days of Iran's January offensive. Iraqi officials seem to entertain hopes of effective action emanating from this forum. Iraq and the U.S. have developed a relatively strong record of good diplomatic cooperation at the U.N., dating back to the resolution condemning the Israeli raid on Iraq's ouclear reactor in 1981. Nevertheless, if Iraq seriously expects its longstanding wish for a Security Council resolution calling for an end to the war and which incorporates sanctions for noncompliance, it is likely to be disappointed.

6. American concern about its

with Iraq.) 4. Operation staunch, The

effective tool America had brought to bear on the Gulf war and almost certainly the most serious concrete casualty of the Iran arms scandal. A concerted diplomatic effort has been under way since the beginning of this year to "put starch back into staunch." Thus far, the only available assessments suggest that U.S. diplomats' entreaties and ciative but knowing smiles from

5. A new U.N. Security Council resolution oo the Gulf war has

relations with Iraq has surfaced in

rumours that Deputy Secretary of State John Whitehead, might make a late April visit to Bagh-dad. This has been discussed internally, although it has not been proposed to the fragis. The publication of the proposal in the Wall Street Journal may delay and perhaps eliminate the visit altogether. If Whitehead goes, it As one examines the U.S.'s would be the highest ranking official visit to Iraq in nearly three decades. The proposal caused heartburn in some circles of the administration, where it was suggested that the visit would

manifest a blatant U.S. "tilt" toward Iraq. Other observers expressed reservations that it would. give the appearance of American policy lurching from one extreme to the other and thereby confirm to our friends in the region that "we really don't know what we're

On a related matter, the administration has reportedly been asked by Iraq to provide C-130 transport aircraft and to grant permission for Baghdad to rent or use artillery radar which the U.S. has sold to Jordan. Press reports indicate that the administration. has refused to allow 'these arrangements, and State Department sources confirm that there is no serious discussion ahont changing U.S. policy in this regard. Direct U.S. assistance to Iraq, in terms of the war effort, is therefore limited to provision of selective intelligence from spy satellites, outlining Iranian military positions. Such data was being provided to Iraq before the Iran arms scandal broke. In the mood of bitter disappointment which followed, officials in Baghdad specifically charged that diers) in early 1985 was result of bad intelligence provided by the U.S. Although American officials in Washington and Baghdad have vigorously denied these accusations, it is difficult to see how U.S.-Iraqi relations could improve on the strength of the intelligence link alone.

new Gulf initiative, as a whole or in its component parts, its outlook is not encouraging. It proceeds from a statement by Mr. Reagan which contains important contradictory elements that have not been resolved. It has been tainted by a streak of gung-ho-militarism which led the administration to ignore Kuwaiti sensitivities and publicise bilateral discussions about tanker escorts. Moreover, the effect of the initiative on America's Arab allies will likely be held hostage to the arms sale proposals now pending precariously before Congress. The attempt to resuscitate "operation staunch" remains a very difficult prospect; and Iran's continuing military thrusts against Iraq suggest that a restriction of Western arms flows to Iran would do little to deter Tehran's war effort anyway. Finally, there are no real prospects that initiatives at the J.N. or hilaterally between Baghdad and Washington wiff have a lasting impact on the war or the weakened U.S. diplomatic position in the Gulf.

One can only hope that behind the scenes, the Reagan administration has made more creative proposals and is pursuing them with more commitment than those which have been made public. Otherwise, passivity may have been preferable — Middle Iraq's loss of the Fao peninsula have been preferable — Mid (and of thousands of Iraqi sol- East, International, London.

Arias peace plan brings hope to **Central America**

here have been several efforts, notably the Contadora Group's initiative, started in 1983, to bring peace to the troubled regions of Central America. Robert Graham reports that new diplomatic moves emanating from Costa Rica are now winning real credibility.

LONDON - From an unpromising start the Central American peace plan put forward in February by President-Oscar Arias of Costa Rica has begun to gain

Nicaragua has dropped its initial hostility and, after a series of postponemeots, the leaders of the five Central American countries (Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua) will meet at the end of June in the Guatemalan city of Escuipulas to discuss the proposals. Meanwhile the U.S. Senate, in a surprise show of near-nnanimity, has voted 97-1 in favour of the Reagan Administration endorsing the Arias Plan.

"Right now the Arias Plau is the only diplomatie game in town," commented one of the region's senior diplomats. The Costa Rican President's proposals completely overshadow the diplomatie efforts of the fouroation Contadora Group (Colomhia, Mexico. Panama and Venezuela) which since January 1983 has been trying to hammer out a peace plan for Central America.

President Arias is fully aware that he cannot afford to alienate the Cootadora Group, which is backed by the major nations of Latin America. "I hope people have realised that the plan is not against any particular country: the only aim is to obtain peace for Central America," he says.

Receotly the Cootadora Group, meeting in Buenos Aires, gave the plan qualified approval, anxious not to sabotage it hut keen not to be excluded from the peace process should it succeed. The plan envisages the fol-

:: General amnesty within 60 days of all five states signing the document, in those countries where armed conflict exists, and

for reconciliation. :: Dialogue established with all internal opposition groups where armed conflict exists.

creation of national commissions

:: Ceasefire declared simultaneously with the dialogue. :: Democratisation introduced within six months, free of exter-

nal influence, with special emph-

asis on liberty in the media within 60 days.
:: Elections to a new Central American parliament in 1988, preceded by free domestic elec-

:: Suspension of overt/covert foreign military aid to insurgent forces and the prevention of territory being used to destabilise another state.

:: Reduction in armaments and force levels to be negotiated within 60 days of signature of the :: Follow-up and verification to

be carried out by the United

Nations and the Organisation of

American States secretary-generals in coojunction with the Contadora Group.

While this incorporates some Cootadora ideas, the group has been reduced to the role of a joint verifier of a future agreement. "I felt there was space for a

country with the moral authority of Costa Rica to act," says President Arias. "I have put big emphasis in the plan on the political aspect - on democratisation because I believe there can be no peace without democracy." The Contadora group peace propos-als, on the other hand, put most emphasis on guaranteeing the internal security of the Central American countries.

The key to the Arias plan is the concept of symmetry. The ohliga-tions are not exclusive to Nicaragua. While the Sandinista gov-ernment would he ohliged to amnesty its opponents and permit greater pluralism, the governments of El Salvador and Guatemala would be obliged to do the

Symmetry further means Cuban and Soviet aid to Nicaragua would be reduced by the same measure that the U.S. cut back its military support for its allies, and that external support for guerrilla movements would be dropped - whether the U.S.backed anti-Sandinista rebels, the Contras, or the Cuban-backed FDR/FMLN in El Salvador.

The plan was formalised at a meeting in San Jose, Costa Rica, on February 15 attended by the Central American presidents with the exceptioo of Nicaragua. Nicaragua's exclusion led to loud protests from Managua.

Yet Nicaragua's initial exclusion was instrumental in persuading El Salvador and Honduras to go along with the plan despite serious misgivings.

Although piqued by their ex-chision, the Nicaraguan government is taking President Arias' initiative seriously. This is largely because President Arias has been able to demonstrate his distance from President Reagan's Ceotral American policy. Even before taking office last June the 45 year old graduate of the London School of Economics had voiced his scepticism about the policy of backing the Contras.

Since then he has made it plain he will not tolerate Costa Rica being used as a base for a Contra southern front. (This refusal has borne out the evidence in the recent Tower Commission re-

Without formal U.S. hacking the Arias Plan stands little chance of success. But the Reagan administration is unlikely to make any concrete move until it sees how Congress stands on a request for fresh Contra funds to be debated in September — Financial Times

NATO grapples with new twist to Euromissiles By Richard Balmforth their national capitals in moods

Reuter

.(The last three elements of the

Reagan administratioo's new

BRUSSELS — The latest twist in the "Euromissile" saga appears to have left NATO undecided whether it has scored a victory or registered a defeat.

U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz returned from Moscow last week to tell allies the Soviet Union was ready to abolish its shorter-range nuclear missiles to help towards a deal to rid Europe

of medium-range systems..... On the face of it, the North: Atlantic Treaty Organisation appeared to have come close to winning the long-running poker game with the Soviets over the Euromissile" question.

Since the Revkjavik superpower summit last October, the Europeans had insisted that any U.S.-Soviet agreement on mediumrange (INF) missiles would have to take account of Moscow's big numerical advantage in shorterrange systems such as the SS-22 and SS-23.

The New Soviet proposal appeared to be a major concession, ironing out the last hitch to a medium-range (INF) agree-ment that would enable West European governments to rid themselves of the "Euromissile" curse that has dogged them throughout the 1980s.

But nothing is ever quite that simple in NATO, an alliance that joins 16 nations sharing common ideals but often holding divergent views on East-West security issues for reasons of history, geography or simple political ex-

There was no euphoria. Western foreign ministers returned to against the vastly more numerous to "react rung by rung."

varying from optimism to deep uncertainty over just where the new Soviet proposal left them.

For most Europeans, it was yet another uncomfortable twist in an issue that has had them on the hook since 1979 when the Western alliance decided to deploy U.S. cruise and Pershing 2 missiles to force the Soviets to with-

draw their SS-20s:

Brying time, the Western alliance last week opted cautiously to consider the security im-plications of the new Soviet offer: The nations are now working on a joint response. All the same, the feeling at

NATO headquarters these days is that the process set in train by the summit in Reykjavík is unstoppable and that the alliance has reached something approaching a "These are momentous times.

For all we know we might be o the 1950s to the pre-ballistic missile era when all we had were aircraft carrying nuclear bombs," said one alliance diplomat. There are military and doctrin-

al reasons, rather than political ones, why Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev's shorter-range missile offer poses a dilemma for Having stressed for so long the vital necessity of removing the

imbalance of Soviet shorter-range missiles — those with a range of between 500-1,000 kilometres -NATO may find it a difficult offer to refuse. In that class of weapon, NATO

says it has only 72 West German Pershing 1-A missiles to set

Soviet systems whose warheads, Shultz said last week, "were up in the multi-hundreds. Until oow, NATO has backed

the U.S. position reserving the right to match existing Soviet levels of these weapons, while conceding privately that deployment of new shorter-range sys-tems would be, politically, difficult to push through.

But for the NATO strategists

and military the problem is more fundamental. Removing another category of weapons, they argue; would pick away further at the alliance's doctrine of flexible response. 3.5

This strategy envisages an ascending ladder of responses to Warsaw Pact nuclear artillery up to the doomsday exchange of inter-continental missiles between the superpowers.

At heart, most NATO military believe this strategy requires maintaining some nuclear missiles of all categories, including the U.S. medium-range cruise and Pershing 2s which will be scrapped under the INF "zero option" agreed in principle by the superpowers.

A straightforward "yes" from NATO to Gorbachev's offer would, as Dutch Foreign Minister Hans van den Broek said, remove two rungs from the ladder at a stroke.

Some NATO countries are more anxious than others. West German Defence Minister Manfred Woerner, whose country would be in the front-line of a missile exchange, spoke out strongly last Sunday against breaking out of NATO's ability

However, many of the Europeans appear to accept that, with the Reagan administration seemingly bent on getting an arms agreement before leaving office, they will have to compromise somewhere along the

Many NATO diplomats are now looking to the step beyond the conventional arms field where further soul-searching lies. Many NATO diplomats expect

the "denuclearisation" question to become increasingly littled to a heed for the alliance to solve the problem of the ms-match between the Warsaw Pace's conrentional forces and those of

An added cause of nne among the allies is the way in which Gorbachev is repeatedly throwing NATO off balance with

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new arms control proposals. We are definitely on the defensive. There may be good reasons for that. But all the same we are on the defensive and we woud like to find a way to stop that," said one diplomat.

Most NATO diplomats make no secret of their nostalgia for the sedate, controlled pace of arms control, as it once was, rather than the dizzy speed of events which has set in since the Reykjavik summit.

"NATO prefers moves step by step, digesting and assimilating proposals and paosiog for thought along the way," said one diplomat.

"It does oot like headlong rushes into the unknown and it particularly does not like being stampeded into decisions by Mr. Gorbachev," the diplomat said.

Arafat that he would continue his

efforts to maintain close relations

with Egypt.
The semi-official newspaper Al
Ahram said Mr. Arafat made the

pledge in his first comment on PNC resolutions issued early Sun-

Egypt closes PLO offices in retaliatory move

Arafat loyalists of trying to oust peace) conference for an active him. There also have heen and effective Palestinian particharges by Mr. Arafat and his cipation. followers that Syria supported Lebanese militias that besieged Palestinian camps and killed hun-

leadership as inadequate. "It is strange that the PNC responsibility hefore heing a nian people...
Palestinian responsibility," the "Egypt cannot remain silent statement said.

the PLO, Cairo continues its support of the Palestinian people in lief in the justice of the Palesti- people... nian cause.

Following is an unofficial par- put an end to that insolence and announcing closure of PLO dictates...

"... There were hopeful signs cided the following: The closure

(Continued from page 1) those involved in the convening in Egypt and all measures con-1984 and was accused later by of the international (Middle East nected to this act.

"At this time in particular, the Palestine National Council (PNC) issued a decisioo in a dreds of refugees in shootouts hostile manner about relations with PLO fighters defending the between the PLO and Egypt dehostile manner about relations camps. Mr. Abdul Meguid's nying Egypt's sacrifices to sup-statement denounced the PLO port the Palestinian people in all

stages of its struggle.
"The only justification for this should allow itself to disown irresponsible decision... was to Egypt's struggle to this extent — achieve the price demanded to as struggle in which Egypt under-took a role that the PLO lead- when (the PNC) turned blind ership failed to carry out or just eyes and deaf ears to the forces gave up, as if it were an Egyptian that tried to degrade the Palesti-

about these irresponsible slanders Mr. Abdul Meguid said that practised by elements as far away despite Monday's rupture with from abiding to any national or

"Egypt warned PLO leaders seeking a Middle East settlement. before and during the PNC meet-This backing, he said, is "an ing of the consequences of deunshakeable principled commit-nying Egypt its sacrifices or its ment stemming from Egypt's be-position towards the Palestinian

"Ît was necessary for Egypt to tial text of the statement Monday face that situation with firmness by the Egyptian government, which the higher national interest

"Accordingly, Egypt had de-

"Regardless of this statement, this does not mean any change in Egypt's support for the Palesti-nian struggle, which is the un-shakeable principle emerging from Egypt's faith in the justice of the (Palestinian) cause...

"They have had leaderships imposed on them who do not know the meaning of commitment to the cause, and all that concerns them is pursuing gains through conspiracies and manocuvres.

"This firm stance which Egypt" is taking will actively protect the right of the brave Palestinian people to free themselves, their lands and wills from the occupy-

A leading Cairo newspaper on Monday carried a pledge by Mr.

our strategic relations with Egypt," Mr. Arafat was quoted as saying.

day in Algiers.

In his commeot, published in Al Ahram's Monday early edition, Mr. Arafat said "we will embark on promoting the Egyptian-Palestinian relations for the sake of joint Arab interests." "I once more reaffirm that there will be no tampering with

"Egypt is a sincere supporter of

the Palestinians and we will never permit anything to affect our relations with her," Mr. Arafat pledged.

Kuwait talks were successful

(Continued from page 1) Al Hamami

the end of the meeting said that guarantees it offers to foreign the committee would "follow up" investors," the statement said. the investment projects in Jordan and coordinate contacts among from Knwait to (proposals for) representatives of various sectors m the two countries."

"The list of ventures proposd by the Jordanian side received

(Continued from page 1) tors in view of Jordan's geog-Ministry of Finance official Sa'id raphical site, stability, economic relations with various states parti-A joint communique issued at cularly Arab countries, and the investors," the statement said.

"We found a good response investment in Jordan, for taking part in projects which would benefit both sides," Dr. Mussher of reaching an agreement by all of all PLO offices and institutions appreciation of the Kuwaiti investigation from Kuwait. was quoted as saying in a Reuter-

Jelino 1250

Beekeeping priest hopes to cure world's ills with honey

By Irena Czekierska

KAMIANNA, Poland - A side village in southern Poland, fringed by forests where bears still roam and eagles nest in summer, could soon become the world's first apitherapy centre, using natural remedies based on

It's just one of the schemes of Father Henryk Ostach, who came to Kamianna more than 20 years ago and transformed the neardeserted hamlet into a thriving community modelled on the beehives which are his passion.

"There is so much we can learn from the way bees organise their lives," Ostach said. "They're a model family — diligent, efficient, they love order, have great respect for their queen and are prepared to defend her even until death."

On a grassy slope behind a picturesque wooden church, Ostach has collected hives from all over Poland, many of them old, intricately carved and brightly painted in folkloric forms of mals, cottages, windmills and peasant figures.

They are still working, and several thousand visitors come here each year to buy the local honey, which is delicately flavoured with lime tree blossoms, and said to be the best produced

"Bees are much loved in Poland and the tradition goes back a long way," Ostach told Reuters in a recent interview. Sitting in his parish study, surrounded by natural history books in several languages, he said beekeepers here even have a patron saint —

In the ancient chronicles of the amber merchants who plied the routes from the Baltic shores to Rome, Poland was described as "a land flowing with honey," full of fresh air and beautiful forests,"

Now, while vast tracts of the country are poisoned by industrial pollution, Kamianna is one of the last unspoiled areas with forests unharmed by acid rain and mountain springs still crystal

The healing properties of honey and other substances produced by bees, together with the clear local air could be the answer to all sorts of illnesses including respiratory complaints, eye prob-lems and skin diseases, Ostach

Bees are the great hope of tome of evidence compiled by the recent fifth world symposium on apitherapy, and adding that people were increasingly turning towards natural remedies instead of modern chemical drugs.

In apitherapy, bee products including honey, wax and a sterile substance called propolis, which bees make to protect their hive, are used as ointment or processed in pill or liquid form.

Propolis, as an ointment, is already catching on as a popular remedy which some Poles swear speeds up the healing process of skin wounds. Ostach said it was used with considerable success in treating burns victims of the chemical plant disaster at Bhopal in

India two years ago.

He is hoping to set up the world's first apitherapy sanatorium with facilities to treat up to 10,000 patients from across the globe. The priest said he was setting up an international foundation to fund the project, and building work starts next year with a scheduled completion date

And if that sounds fanciful, it should be remembered that when the priest, now a sprightly 62, first arrived in Kamianna, only a handful of dilapidated houses stood there and, he said, he slept on the ground with only a raincoat for a hlanket.

Now there is a road which he helped build, the houses have running water and electricity, gas is on the way, and a retirement home for priests is almost

Since he took up his hobby 35 years ago when he found his pastoral duties in his first parish included tending a flock of bees, the priest has become such an authority on the subject that he now heads the Polish Beekeepers' Association.

One of his most interesting observations was reported in the Polish press earlier this year. While the rest of the country knew nothing of what had hap-pened for several days after the nuclear disaster at Chernobyl last spring, Ostach's bees headed straight back to their bives and stayed there for eight days.

"We couldn't understand why. It was a beautiful, sunny day and there were lots of fresh hlossoms out." Ostach said.

Many of Poland's 200,000 beekeepers reported similar stories and it was only later that they realised the bees had sensed radioactivity passing over the country from the neighbouring Soviet Union.

"Bees are a natural Geiger counter," the priest concluded.

As head of the Beckeepers'
Association, Ostach is now preparing for an international apiar-ists' congress in Warsaw in July, to be attended by 5,000 enthusiasts from more than 70 nations, including Israel and South Africa,

mited or no diplomatic ties.
"He's indefatigable," said
Father Michal Grabowski, who
has been drafted in to help perform religious duties in Kamianna's 156-strong community as Ostach's activities send him across Poland and abroad, "but he always manages prayers twice

year-old Denver Cahle Television

entrepreneur who has put \$1.5

million of his own money into the

project. He is also a shareholder

and director of a Los Angeles-

based savings and loan company.

Daniels said no dividends would be paid, and profits would be funneled back to support the

"It will not he transformed into

a regular 'adult' bank, but will put profitability and education on

an equal footing," he told Reuters by telephone from Denver.

people the opportunity to get

financial experience and educa-

tion which will assist them for the

rest of their lives," he added.

The Colorado Council on Eco-

nomic Education will play an active role in the kids bank, and

the American Bankers Associa-

tion and Colorado Bankers Asso-

ciation have expressed their sup-

port as well, said Knight, who

expects similar institutions to

Under-age patrons who want

to borrow from the bank will need their parents or guardians to co-sign the notes. To make che-

que cashing easier, the bank will issue photo identification cards.

Last August, a sceptical Col-

orado Banking Commission

turned thumbs down when the

idea was first proposed, questioning the bank's ability to stay in

But Daniels convinced com-

mission members that the enter-

prise would be viable and won a

To support the young people's

bank, he has been lining up cor-

porations and foundations who

were asked to make deposits at

low or no interest.

sprout up in other states.

"My purpose is to give young

'Kids bank': A new financial learning tool The proposed venture is the brainchild of Bill Daniels, a 66-

By Thomas Witom Reuter

CHICAGO — Plans for a new kind of financial institution, a hank for children, are drawing interest even though they are still

largely on the drawing board.
The Colorado Banking Commission recently approved a charter for the Young American Bank in Denver.

Veteran banker Roger Knight, who will serve as its president, said the goal is to have the new bank m operation hy the time school starts next autumn.

"It's a unique concept, offering young people a range of financial services such as chequing and savings accounts, credit cards, husiness loans and certificates of deposit," Knight told Reuters in a telephone interview from De-

In addition, the bank, which was initially called "The Kids Bank," will provide a variety of educational programmes and seminars for its clieotele, who will range in age from 10 to 22.

"Unlike traditional financial institutions, the Young American Bank is directly addressing its youthful audience," said marketing consultant Art Lucey of Alexander Lucey Inc.

He said the bank will be scaled down in size, making pint-size clientele feel comfortable at the walk-up window. Two sets of loan forms will be available, one geared to the comprehension level of a 10-year-old and the other to those age 16 and above.

Lucey said the limit on amounts young patrons might borrow or write cheques against will rise as they "prove" themselves. Cheque limits, for instance, might start at \$10 and then

Funding row puts EEC research at risk

Britain seems to be losing out on a project to help European companies catch up with the U.S. in the technology race. William Dawkins reports on the U.K.'s delay in joining an important project.

Ostend, you will notice near the centre of town an office block

illuminated sign.
It is just before the turning for the European Commission and the sign picks out in hlue lights; "ITT Research. There's no future without it." It is a message with an especially ironic meaning at a time when Britain stands isolated as the only EEC member state to refuse to back a controversial Ecu6.48 hillion (\$7.3 billion) joint Community programme for

The project, designed among. other things to help European companies catch up in the technology race with U.S. counterparts such as ITT, has been much slimmed down from the Commission's Ecu7.735 billion proposal, itself a reduction from the origin al Ecu10.3 billion plan.

research over the next five years.

The Ecu6.48 billion version of the scheme is a final compromise put together by Belgium as chairman of the Council of Ministers. Mr. Guy Verhofstadt, the Belgian minister behind the proposal, gave London only a few days to make up its mind. But the U.K. has said it needs more time to consider a scheme which it has argued all along is mostly poorlyfocused and duplicates national research efforts in many areas.

All this has exposed Britain to chorus of complaints from the Commission, the European parliament, industry lobbies and other member states that its stubbornness is forcing the Community's research industry into a crisis and jeopardising the future of the EEC's high technology.

The so-called framework programme covers a wide range of subjects from information technology through to energy and is supposed to take over from the present Ecu3.5 billion programme, set to run ont at the end of this year, Within the present scheme, however, several projects have already run to the end

BRUSSELS - Driving in to of their first phase or have nearly Brussels on the motorway from used up their initial funding and are near the stage where they cannot go on without an agreebearing on its roof a conspicuous ment on the framework prog-

They include the Esprit study into information technology and the Race work on advanced telecommunications — ironically, two of the projects for which the U.K. has the most support, along with Brite in industrial technolo gy. Also at risk are two much smaller programmes for research into cancer and acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), and science and technology for developing nations.

Esprit probably has most to lose. Its 3,000 scientists in companies and university laboratories cross the Community make it the largest project in the programmes and it has been hailed hy its participants as making a valuable contribution to encouraging EEC companies to think internationally. Esprit has almost run through its initial Ecu750 million and now being offered another Ecu1.6 billion under the Belgian compromise, well below the Ecu2 billion proposed by the Commis-

Among the Esprit projects due to run out of cash this year are studies into advanced computer networks for business information involving General Electric Company (GEC) of Britain and Faci of Italy, and research into merging PABX telephone exchanges into computer networks involving Plessey, the French telecommunications group Jeumont Schneider and the West German group Telenorma.

Even assuming the research agreed soon, the budget is money will take mooths to work through the EEC machinery to the projects themselves and may render several projects irrelevant.

The average lifespan of a new information technology component is little more than two years,

EEC research and technology proposals 1987~91

Information and telecommunication

Energy

Industrial

Quality of life

Science co-operation

Biology and agriculture

Development aid

Marine science

Source: EEC

pect of a new EEC-backed product emerging on the market just as demand starts to shift towards the next generation of components. One possible example is application specific integrated circuits (ASICS), a oew kind of customised chip planned for examination in Esprit's second

holding out the ridiculous pros- But the problem of getting started in the race at the right time is getting more difficult." offer to continue. The same risk of getting out of

step with the market hangs over the Race study into hroad-band communications, which would combine voice, data, video and graphics on to a single line. This involves 500 scientists from 30

common standards at the end of last year and are now awaiting Ecu550 million under the Belgian

EEC proposal

compromise

Belgian

ECU bn

"One is not talking about hroad-hand communications being of importance until the mid-1990s," admits Mr. Mel Price, vice chairman of GEC Telecoms, "But you cannot lose phase where, says one technology of the first year of a hig research official: "We are oot yet too late, preliminary work on defining programme like this without feel-

ing the effects later on. If you delay a year, someone else will pre-empt you — and the window for this particular opportunity is not infinitely wide.

Total

Ecu bn

7.735

6.480

Mr. Price has not yet started to dishand his own research teams, which were expecting a delay in any event, but he gives a warning: You cannot keep them together for too long once they lose hope"

— Financial Times feature.

Rhesus monkeys — boon to humanity — vex, rob and amuse Indian villagers scientists would agree. By Donald J. Frederick

National Geographic

TIGHRI, India - people and

rhesus monkeys usually get along fine in ... India ... but coccasionally. things get out of hand...
"My mother-in-law-was bitten by two monkeys and died from

the bites," says Kamala Ramaker, who lives in this village just ootside Delhi. "It's outrageous. they later came back and stole the laundry from my clothesline." Ramaker's 15-year-old neigh-bour, Reena Bhatacharya, views the animals differently. "The monkeys are part of the neighbourhood, and have done me no harm," she says. "I find them quite amusing and feel very lonely when they're not around."

Roam around everywhere

Such differences of opinion are common in India, where rhesus monkeys freely roam both countryside and town. Even though the monkeys

sometimes pilfer papers from offices, raid refrigerators, and ruin farm crops, few Indians would consider harming them. Concern for rhesus monkeys

seems just and wise, for the human race owes the rhesus a profound debt of gratitude, most

"For all its contributions to medicine, the animal deserves the Nohel Prize," says Charles Southwick, a University of Colorado biologist who has spent years in India studying the As research animals, rhesus monkeys have preveoted

thousands of human tragedies, including birth defects, polio, and remature neart disease Tests involving the rhesus led to development of a reliable and safe polio vaccine in 1953. The thalidomide catastrophe that

struck children in Europe in 1961 was averted in the United States when rhesus research showed that the tranquiliser caused birth defects. In hematology, the primates saved lives by showing the way to treat Rh problems in newborn

babies. The protein known as the Rh factor in some red blood cells gets its designation from the Renowned for a lot more than

their contributions to science, monkeys have long played an important role in the culture and religion of India and much of Asia. In ancient Hindu texts, Hanuman, the monkey god, and his hosts are associated with the triumph of good over evil. So



Rhesus monkeys freely roam both city and countryside in many Asian countries (Photo by Thomas L. Richie - National Geog-

people often give bananas to monkeys as a goodwill gesture. Handing out bananas

with monkeys when Mehech Kumer, who works in a nearby

A field near Delhi comes alive

truck to distribute about 300 bananas. "My hoss sent me," he explains. "Business is good, and he has a lot of faith in the monkeys."

cassette factory, hops out of his

Despite this relatively benign

atmosphere, rhesus monkeys de-clined from 2 million in 1960 to about 180,000 in 1982, an alarming drop for an animal so hardy and adaptable. Alarmed by the steady decline and some methods of medical research. India, which had been exporting more than 100,000 rhesus monkeys annually, stopped the trade in 1978. The population has slowly increased to an estimated 270,000 today. But trade wasn't the only prob-

lem, says Southwick. As he crisscrossed India, he found a rapidly expanding population rushing headlong into an age of high technology.

"While still an agrarian country, India is very much in the computer, nuclear, and space ages," says Southwick. "Millions of acres of forests have been converted into corporate farms, cities have grown, modern dams and vast irrigation projects have been built. There's less and less room for the rhesus."

Lack of a firm government policy is also part of the problem, according to rhesus expert Iqhal Malik, an assistant professor of zoology at Delhi University. The monkeys we have should be lonked after and managed properly so they don't get out of hand and turn people against them,"

Jaipur, capital of India's Rajastan state, is a case in point. In the early-morning hours, monkeys swarm over rooftops and storefronts in the old section of the city, much to the annoyance of shopkeepers.

Accused of larceny

"They're thieves," says Surah Prakas, who runs a small food stand. "They steal my vegetable patties."

An estimated 3,500 monkeys live in the old section of the city. says Rajasthan University zoology professor Reena Mathur, who has heen studying the monkeys. "Because of their increasing our bers, they are losing their sacred image. More and more people now regard them as pests.'

Besides the day-to-day monkey business, there's also a health hazard. "Monkey hites send people to the hospital every week, says Ajay Lobo, a research scholar who is helping with the study.

Monkeys have set up their own visitiog hours at a hospital in downtown Delhi. "I saw this hig monkey in a corridor," a startled visitor recalls. "An orderly shouted to a couple of alarmed patients, 'Carry on, just walk around him. He's here all the

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Shmeisani - Amman

Evert upsets Navratilova Dahiyat reviews progress of sports complex in Zarqa in their 71st tennis match

HOUSTON, Texas (R) — Chris Evert defeated top-ranked Martina Navratilova 3-6, 6-1, 7-6, (7-4), in their 71st career meeting to win the \$150,000 Houston Women's Tennis Tournament.

defeated Navratilova since 1982.

overly concerned about not hav-

I'd like it to be," she said. "I need to brainwash myself by winning a tournament, but I won't get wor-

for the first time in the Houston final of 1976, holds a 37-34 edge in their rivalry, which dates back to 1973. She won their last meet-ing in August 1986 at the Los Angeles Tournament.

"I'm thrilled that I won," said Evert in the first game of the the fourth-ranked Evert, who last match on a double-fault to take a beat Navratilova in the 1986 2-0 lead. Evert, seeded third, French Open. The win marked saved a break point in the fifth only the fifth time Evert has game, but Navratilova broke Evert with a forehand passing Navratilova said she was not shot in the seventh game for 5-2. The 32-year-old Evert broke

ing won a tournament since last Navratilova in the next game with November.

Navratilova in the next game with a backhand loh for 3-5, but lost My confidence is not where her serve and the set in the ninth game on three passing shots by

Evert dropped her serve only ried unless I keep losing." once and broke the 30-year-old Navratilova, who beat Evert Navratilova four times to win the second set. Navratilova struggled with her backhand, committing six unforced errors.

Navratilova achieved the first service break in the ninth game of the third set and served for the Top seeded Navratilova broke match at 5-4. Evert broke back in winner, and each player held their serves to force a tiebreak. Evert broke through at 3-3 in the tiebreak with a forehand lob that sailed out of Navratilova's

reach and went up 5-3 on another backhand error by Navratilova. Navratilova saved one match point with a topspin backhand ssing shot, but Evert closed out the tiebreak 7-4 with a drop shot winner that caught Navratilova

moving the wrong way.
"It's pretty disappointing losing a match that you are two points away from winning," said Navratilova, who collected \$13,800 as runner-up.

Evert, who won \$30,500, said the number of their meetings has not stilted the quality of she and

Navratilova's game.
"We know each other's games so well," she said, "But it's still unbelievable the matches we've had on clay... they're real emo-tional matches. It's always high ·quality tennis."

World hockey tourney moves from ice rink to Viennese courtroom

fending world champion the Soviet Union defeated Sweden

In the remaining matches of the 7th round, which virtually

have no effect on the standings,

West Germany meets Switzer-

land and the United States faces

An empty net goal by Sergei Makarov of the Soviet Union

with 27 seconds remaining in the match destroyed all Swedish

It was 3-2 in Soviets' favour,

and with about thirty seconds to

go, Sweden replaced its goalie

with a sixth outfield player.

But pulling the goalie off rarely works, and it did not this time

Left alone, the deadly Soviet

attacker Nakarov slowly skated

Swedish coach Tomi Sandlin.

The Swedes put up a stiff resist-

ance against the Soviet team;

which is targeting an unpre-cedented-21st world title harmed-

Anders Carlsson out the Scan-

Sergej Starikov tied the score for the Soviets at 11:56 of the

same period, and Vladimir Kru-

tov put them 2-1 ahead at only 46 seconds into the middle session.

Carlsson's second goal again tied the score at 9:03 of the

second period, but Sergei Svetlov

netted for the Soviets at 14:18 of

Soviet coach Viktor Tikhonov

accused Canadian referee

Charles Banfield of "doing every-

thing in his power" to help the Swedes score at least a tie against

the session for a 3-2 lead.

dinavians ahead at 5:36 of the

first period on a close-rai

powerplay goal.

hopes for at least a tic.

Czechoslovakia.

either.

Viennese judge will be asked to decide whether Sweden or Fin-. land will play for medals at the World Hockey Championships.

Earlier in the tournament, the International Ice Hockey Federation nullified West German victories against Canada and Finland but had to temporarily restore the points after a judge granted the Germans an injunc-

According to the IIIIF, the West German side fielded an ineligible player, Miroslav Sikora, who played for Poland at the World Junior Champinnships in 1977 and thus could not play for Germany here.

With the points restored to the Germans, Finland, with six points, will play in the relegation pool and Sweden, with eight, will fight in the four-team playoffs. Canada, the Soviet Union and

VIENNA, Austria (AP) - A Czechoslovakia qualified for the playoffs without having to depend on a court decision.

"It is ridiculous that a judge should decide on an important matter of sport," said the president of the IIHF, Gunther Sabetzki, when he announced that the ruling body of world

hockey will fight the injunction.

"If things like this happen you wouldn't need any World or European Champinnships. It would be just conrts cham-pionships," Sabetzky said.

He added that the championship would continue "according to the table made by the Vienna court,"

IIHF lawyers said they were confident of success at the court

In the last round matches of the

closer to the empty Swedish net preliminaries played on Sunday, Canada beat Finland 7-2 and deand just pushed the puck in. "It was very hard to play gainst the Russians when we did not know what the ruling by the IIHF was before the match," said FOR SALE: WINDSURFER

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with Zarqa Governor Eid Qatarneh to discuss issues related to the sports city project in the governorate and means of supporting the local sport and youth

The minister also met with Zarqa Development Corporation (ZDC) Chairman of the Board Tayseer Ammari whn briefed him on the governorate's needs of playgrounds. Dr. Ammari stressed the importance of speeding up the establishment of the sports city on an 800 dunum area of land in Jarba area which has been allocated for the project.

Dr. Dahiyat stressed the necessity of activating sports and youth activities and preparing de-

ZARQA (Petra) — Minister of signs for setting up sports complexes and installations at the cost of JD 1.5 million in Zarqa Governorate and met ernorate.

> He also called on sport and youth clubs to offer the necessary services to the local community and to work towards developing and improving sports activities.
>
> Dr. Dahiyat added that his ministry is currently making contacts to set up a special school at Al Hussein Sports City to train and educate promising students in the various sports and games to provide local clubs and unions with qualified staff.

The minister also visited a number of sports centres and clubs for the handicapped in the governorate and examined their needs and problems.

Lewis makes comeback in highjump event

American Olympic gold medallist Carl Lewis captured the Mount within the wind limit of to San Antonio College Relays long metres per second was 8.66. jump, an event he has not competed in for almost a year.

Lewis, who underwent arthroscopic surgery on his left knee last September, won the long jump Sunday with a wind-aided leap of 8.77 metres.

"I'm not dead and gone and out of it. I'm not too old," Lewis said afterwards.

The 25-year-old Lewis put together an impressive series of it.

WALNUT, California (R) — leaps of 8.63, 8.64, 8.77 and three at 8.66 metres. His best jump within the wind limit of two

> The competition in the long jump was Lewis' first since June 20, 1986 and marked his 49th straight victory in the event dating back to 1981.
> The American, who has turned

> out lacklustre efforts in the past two years, said he now feels in better condition to perform.

"The difference this year is emotional." he said. "The last two years I was not mentally into

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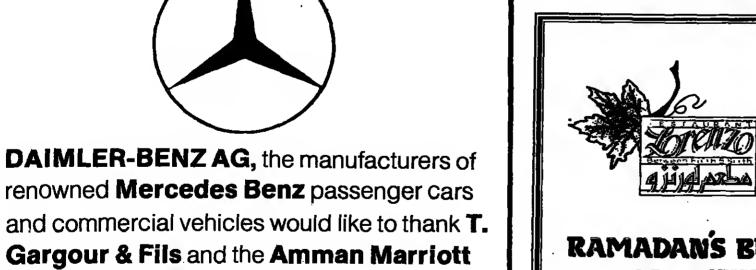
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RAMADAN'S BUFFET **IFTAR & SUHUR**

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European league roundup

Maradona, Pfaff display their talents

LONDON (R) — Diego Marado-na, that scorer of sublime goals, and goalkeeper Jean-Marie Pfaff, of nervousness which overtook the master of the reflex save, gave towering performances at the weekend as their clubs stayed top of their respective leagues.

In Italy Maradona thrilled a crowd of 82,468 with the second goal, which he dedicated to his new-born daughter, in Napoli's 2-1 home win over AC Milan. The victory preserved its twopoint lead over Internazionale. who beat Fiorentina 1-0 at home.

Pfaff, who played a leading role in Belgium's unexpected run to the 1986 World Cup semifinals where two goals by Maradona killed its title ambitions, saved a penalty as Bayern Munich beat Bochum 2-1.

The result left Bayern still four points ahead of Hamburg SV, 2-1 winner over Bayer Uerdingen, and meant the Bavarian team has now gone 22 away games without defeat in the West German

"Maradona's magic evaporates the fear," was how La Gazzetta

Napoli following its 3-0 defeat by Verona before Easter.

Inter is showing signs of viewing the pursuit of Napoli as a lost cause. "We have about a four per cent chance of winning now, said goalkeeper Walter Zenga. "Maybe we should get ourselves a little wizard from somewhere." Injuries have contributed to

Inter's pessimism. Karl-Heinz Rummenigge did not play Sun-day. Alessandro Altobelli has a suspected fractured rib and may miss the next two games, and Marco Tardelli is out for the rest of the season with broken bones in his left hand. Pfaff's performance - his

penalty stop was one of many brilliant efforts — followed his acclaimed contribution three days earlier to Bayern's success in reaching the European Cup final at the expense of Real Madrid.

Bayern, missing injured cap-tain Klaus Augenthaler, who was sent off against Real in Madrid.

and sick midfielder Michael Rummenigge, were soon in trouble in Bochum when Uwe Leifeld shot the home side into a 15th minute

Andreas Brehme struck back two minutes later and after Pfaff saved Josef Nehl's penalty on the hour, Lothar Matthaeus scored to

give Bayern both points. Borussia Moenchengladbach, so unimpressive in its home defeat to Dundee United in the UEFA Cnp last Wednesday, bounced back with a 7-2 rout of . Waldhof Mannheim. Midfielder Uwe Rahn, largely inconspicuous against Dundee, scored four and laid on another.

Benfica, at the top of the Portuguese League, dropped a point in a disappointing 0-0 draw at Academica, allowing European Cup finalists Porto to cut its lead to four points with a 2-1 win over Boavista.

There was no league action. Sunday in Spain ahead of the national team's European Championship match in Romania on Wednesday.

American NBA playoffs

Pistons crush Washington

NEW YORK (AP) — The Detroit Pistons' only worry with a 2-0 series lead over Washington is game 3 at Landover, Maryland)." that they might have awakened sleeping giant Moses Malone. The Pistons set a National Bas-

ketball Association playoff record by building a 76-36 halftime lead over the Bullets before winning the second game of the best-of-five series 128-85.

Rick Mahorn, who has combined with Bill Laimbeer and Adrian Dantley to put a defensive net on Malone, holding him to 31 points in two games, went out of his way to praise the Bullets' centre.

"Moses is the ultimate centre," Mahorn said. "Stopping Moses is like trying to stop a rock from

Malone said he was embarrassed by the defeat.

"When they come to Washington, we should try to run up 200 on them," Malone said. "But I don't think they rubbed it in. I would have done the same thing. In other playoff games Sunday, Boston defeated Chicago 105-96,

Philadelphia beat Milwaukee 125-122 in overtime, Portland trippled Houston 111-98 and Atlanta edged Indiana 94-93.

The Celtics, Hawks and Pistons lead their series 2-0, while Philadelphia-Milwaukee and Port land-Houston are tied 1-1.

American Louganis wins 3-metre springboard diving

AMERSFOORT, Netherlands (AP) — American diver Greg Longanis won the men's threemetre springboard event in the Fina World Cup diving competition, with Min Gao of China winning the women's three-metre

Among the men, Tan Liangde of China finished second, and American Kent Ferguson and Li Deliang of China third and fourth respectively. Soviet competitor Irina Lashko

finished second among the women, with Brita Baldus of East. Germany in third and Marina. Babkova, also of the Soviet Union, in fourth position.

who competed here "have real

potential to be on our Olympic

team next year.'

Soviet gymnasts sweep U.S. team the women's all-around on Satursults for some time now." Arkaev said all the gymnasts

DENVER (AP) - Unheralded Valery Lyukin won the men's all-around title as the Soviet Union swept the team competition awards against a U.S. squad in the McDonald's Gymnastics

Lyukin recorded a pair of perfect 10s during the weekend meet-te outduel world-champion courtryman Yun Koroley for the allaround title in the men's exent on-

American Kristie Phillips took

heating.

day. The 15-year-old won the balance beam with a 9.875 and had 9.9s in two other events. Soviet coach Leonid Arkaev said he expected good things from the 5-foot-4 (1.6-metre),

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"I wasn't really surprised," said Lyukin of his all-around title. "I wanted to win." 123-pound (55-kilogramme) Lyukin has had limited international experience. He placed "We rated Valery very high,"

fourth in the all around and first, in the vault at the Goodwill Games last year. Arkaev.said. "We've been work. ing with him for a long time, preparing him for international Facing the formidable Korolev. competition. He's had good re-

won two all-around titles in the world championships, Lyukin never flinched. He took the lead after the second of six events carning a 10 in the pommel horse. He tied Korolev for first place in the next event, the still rings, and then finished either ahead of

or tied with the champion in the remaining events. Lyukin capped his performance with another 10 in the horizontal bar. Lyakin finished with 59.70 points, followed by Korolev with

59.50 and another Soviet gymnast, Valentin Mogilny, at The Soviets, dominating every event, easily clinched the team title with 295.70 points to 289.85

for the Americans. **Ballesteros** gets top seed, tough draw

CHEPSTOW, Wales (AP)
Seve Ballesteros of Spain was
given the top seed and a tough
draw Monday for the Epsom
Grand Prix of Europe match-play golf tournament.

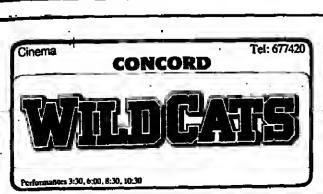
Ballesteros could face at least five veterans of Europe's Ryder Cup teams in his half of the field in the £250,000 (\$400,000) tournament at the St. Pierre golf

Hall be day be de la file be

course May 7-10.

Bernhard Langer of West Germany heads the other half of the draw, after finishing second on the 1986 European PGA moneywinning list. Langer was given a special spot in the field despite playing too few European tournaments last season to automatically qualify.

The defending champion, Ove Sellberg of Sweden, was not given a seed. The seedings were determined on last season's final money-winning list, where Sell-berg finished out of the top eight.



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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets on Monday.

One Sterling -One U.S. dollar

it.

rd die

4.15

. .

1.1

- 2

.1.6690/6700 1.3400/10 1.7760/70 2.0030/40 1.4490/4500 36.88/91 5.9450/9500 1272/1273 137.80/90

6.21.50/2200

6.6275/6325

U.S. dollar ·· Canadian dollar West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lira Japanese yen Swedish crown Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

6.*7*075/7125 One ounce of gold 473.50/474.50

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — Equity prices in late trading were further dented by an early 37-point fall on Wall Street. This followed the Dow Jones Industrial average's 46 point decline on Priday, which hit the London market

Monday morning.

Dealers said Wall Street's fall reflected continuing concern over the weakness of the dollar, generating inflation and interest rate concerns. Major dollar earning companies featured among the largest declines, with Jaguar 20p off at 564, Unitever 38p lower at 2,625 and Glaxo 39p down at 1,400. Trading volumes remained relatively light, however, underlining the lack of institutional involvement.

At 1430 GMT the FISE 100 share index was 17.3 off at 1,984.5, after

touching 1,979.8 as Wall Street steadied.

A record fall on the Tokyo stock exchange further clouded sentiment but dealers pointed out that the London market could expect to benefit, in relative terms, from declines in the Japanese and U.S. stock markets given the current underlying bullish U.K. fundamentals.

Sterling continued firmer, helped by falls in the U.S. currency and news the latest opinion poll showed the ruling Conservative Party holding an 11-point lead. The pound was two basis points higher at a trade weighted 72.9 at 1400 GMT.

from the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, APRIL 28, 1987 GENERAL TENDENCIES: Now you can go full

speed toward the various outlets that you desire both where your usual Sunday pursuits are concerned and where pleasures and romantic interests are involved. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You can improve relations

with others very easily. Put yourself in their shoes in order to understand their position better. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Quiet activity is your

best mode of procedure now, so get busy early and gain your aims easily. Show more affection. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You have every chance to contact good friends and gain their cooperation for

your ambitions. A good day to get shopping done. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) If you want to accomplish something in the outside world, wear a smile. Try to please your mate more.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Make new contacts and "cultivate them for more rapport in the future. Avoid one" who has an eye on your essets:

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You get fine ideas as to how to have more rapport with your mate. Your intuition tells you how to deal with one in business. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) See those clever friends

advantageous to you. Avoid a tricky individual. SCORP10 (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) If you use a different approach at whatever tasks you get into, you can soon

finish them. Take it easy tonight.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) A good day to be with those you are most fond of and who are congenial and fun to be with. Get your appearance at its best. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Good day for having a deligbtful time at home with kin and others. Invite friends who are charming.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Get in touch with

persons whom you like but have not seen in some time. Then get out and visit people.
PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Make your home more

charming my adding art nbjects, etc., Handle small

repairs yourself.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will

be one who will like everyone he or she meets, but is not apt to make friends fast since the interests are many and varied. One who will be very active and do much traveling and reading.

THE Daily Crossword by Harvey Chylin

Soviets reportedly to develop South Yemen's oilfields

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — The the survey said the projected Soviet Technoexport Company volume was 5,000-20,000 barrels plans to develop three oilfields in a day. Marxist-ruled South Yemen's The first oil from Shabwa Shabwa province and make a reached the Aden refinery earlier feasibility study of building a pipeline to the country's only refinery in Aden, an oil weekly reported Monday.

reported Monday. The widely respected Middle The Soviet experts are ex-East Economic Survey (MEES), pected to take at least three published in Nicosia, said the months to determine the oil flow Soviets, who made commercial from the Shabwa fields.

strikes in the region 425 kilometres northeast of Adeo last year, are now carrying out further exploration work to determine the extent of the finds.

The weekly said the Soviets were expected to drill at least 11' exploration wells this year in the lyad Est, lyad West and Amal

These lie 200 kilometres east of the Alef field in neighbouring North Yemen discovered by the U.S. Hunt Oil Co. in 1984, the first oil strikes in that country. The survey said the Soviets in

South Yemen will also study the

possibility of building an export pipeline that would also be connected to the Aden refinery. The weekly said the Soviets began trucking the light-crude from Shabwa to the refinery April 15. It was not known what

one million barrels a day to slight-

ly above its OPEC quota of 4.133

million barrels, the Middle East Economie Survey (MEES) re-

Overall, the combined output

for the Organisation of Pet-

roleum Exporting Countries

(OPEC) for April was expected to be around 16.8-16.9 million

barrels a day, the oil weekly said.

than last month and about one

million barrels above the ceiling

set last December in a product-

ing-cutback agreement in Geneva

aimed to boosting oil prices after

weeks of April was just above the

quota, marking a sizeable in-crease over March, but was ex-

pected to ease by the end of the

month, the Nicosia-based survey

gressional and oil industry

Quoting unidentified "author-

itative Saudi sources," the survey

said: "There has in fact been no

change in the kingdom's oil policy."
This is firmly based on what is

perceived in Saudi Arabia as the

necessity to restore the competi-

tive position of oil in general, and

OPEC oil in particular, vis-a-vis

other energy sources in the longer

run, while at the same time maintaining a stable level of prices

Saudi output for the first three

That's two million barrels more

ported Monday.

last year's slump.

S. Arabia boosts oil output NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — Saudi Arabia's oil production has in-creased this mooth by more than responsive to world economic conditions and the financial requirements of the OPEC coun-

al Oil Co. signed a six-year pro-

duction-sharing agreement with South Yemen for 16,000 square

The Shabwa region lies near the borders of Saudi Arabia and

Saudi Arabia has ooe-quarter

of the world's proven oil reserves

and North Yemen is scheduled to

start exporting oil at an initial rate of 200,000 barrels a day in

that both Yemens each have re-

Oil industry experts believe

kilometre area in Shabwa.

North Yemen.

quantity of oil was involved, but serves of about one billion barrels.

weekly reported.

tries," it reported. Sandi leaders would not "favour any price movement" above the current \$18 OPEC benchmark "unless and until there is a strong revival in the growth of demand for oil," the weekly added.

Kuwait, another major OPEC producer, also opposed any price hike beyond \$18.

Oil Minister Ali Khalifa declared on April 15 that raising prices would be counter-productive in the long term and said the United States was keen to see prices go up "to salvage its oil industry and avoid dependence on Gulf oil."

Saudi ootput was 3.7 million barrels a day in January and 3.6 million in February. Production by the 13-member OPEC group was 16.3 million barrels a day in January and 16.9 millioo in February.

It said that the Sandis, the world's third biggest producer, do not favour pushing oil prices: The survey said that April production was boosted by a sharp. beyond the current level of \$18 a: increase by Iran, currently estibarrel (until world) demand immated at 2:2-2.3 million barrels a

The weekly stressed that the That is about its quota level Sandis are not moving towards a and up to 500,000 barrels a day more hawkish stand on prices more than its output in March. con- Iran, which has been at war with Iraq for 61/2 years, depends on its oil exports as its economic

lifeline to pay for its war effort.

The weekly said that Iraq's April production was around two million barrels a day, not includ-ing supplies provided by Saudi Arabia and Kuwait t help Baghdad surmount an economic crisis. Iraq was exempted from Decem-

ber's cutback agreement. The survey said the Nigeria's production increased in April to an estimated 1.2 million barrels a day, just under its quota level.

Lending to Third World slows

Japan shows banking clout

BASLE, Switzerland (R) - Japan emerged as a new international banking powerhouse during 1986, where creation of an "offshore" market led to a boom for Japanese banks, according to a study published Monday.

The Bank for International Settlements (BIS) said the growth was concentrated in fourth quar-All oil found by the Soviets will ter, when an unprecedented be owned by the Moscow-backed surge in international lending government of South Yemen, the occurred, largely due to the loans banks made to each other. Some In another development that two-thirds of these iovolved will boost loog-impoverished financial institutions in Japan.

South Yemen's oil prospects, the But Third Warld countries got survey said the French CFP- Totscarcely any new funds from banks last year, and only a traditional fourth quarter increase saved them from seeing a net withdrawal of international bank

Moreover, the BIS said, lending to countries other than the 18 industrial countries and seven offshore banking centres which report to the BIS fell to its lowest level since the late 1960s, before the oil crisis of the 1970s gave birth to the oow-massive"Euromarket" for loans.

The bank said total international lending swelled to \$476.6 billion last year, "by far the largest ever recorded," and more

Dollar tumbles to 137.25 yen

TOKYO (R) — The dollar oo Monday tumbled to a post-war low of 137.25 yen amid wide-spread gloom over the U.S. economy but supported by persistent buying by the Bank of Japan recovered by the day's end to 138.10 yen, dealers said.

Sellers were depressed over the outlook for the United States regarding its huge trade imbalance, possible inflatioo, and shiggish business activity, they

The market was also nervous that demand for dollars could fade as Japanese back away from previously active buying of the currency for purchases of U.S. government bonds. The dollar started into a swift

downhill run in Bahrain at the weekend and took another slide early on Monday morning in Wellington and Sydney just before the Tokyo market opened.

The Bank of Japan tried to halt the downtrend once trading began but operators were too eager to sell and even ignored threats by Bank of Japan Governor Satoshi Sumita that the central bank would continue determined market intervention to prevent the yen's rise.

Operators also were unimpressed by Finance Minister Kiichi Miyazawa's remark that major industrial oations have sufficient funds to cootinue concerted intervention.

The dollar dropped more than two yen from Friday's level in New York at 139.35 yen and the

close here at 139.50 yen.

Dealers said the Japanese central bank also bought dollars here against the mark on behalf of West German central bank.

than double the 1985 level of \$233.5 billion. Interbank lending accounted for \$428.6 billion of this, up from the 1985 figure of \$182.5 billioo.

The data include some double counting, but the BIS estimated that banks lent \$160 billion of new money to final borrowers (non banks) outside their home countries, well up on the \$105 billion of 1985 and comparable to the record level of 1981.

Taken together with a surge of new bond issues, they meant total new lending abroad swelled to \$240 billion last year from \$175 billion.

It was the interbank market where the strength of Japanese banks showed up.

During the period October to December last year, international lending rose a record \$208.8 billico, aod ioterback loacs accounted for \$189.2 billion of it, the BIS said

Japanese banks were involved in \$124 billion of the new inter-

bank lending. For the full year, porations — cut down the volume Japanese banks figured in \$252 of their new bond issues in the billion of new interbank loans, nearly doubling the total amount on their books, which hit \$542.9 billion at the end of the year.

"As a result of this expansion, at end-1986 international banking assets booked in Japan nearly reached the combined total for France and Germany," the BIS

The bank traced the development primarily to the opening of an "offshore" centre in Japan, where banks could compete on favourable terms with tax havens like the Bahamas and Hong Kong.

That market first opeoed on Dec. 1, and by the end of that month it had built op \$93.7 billioo of business.

A large part of that came from the re-booking of loans from other centres. Hong Kong and Singapore alone accounted for more than half of the \$124 billioo increase in business in Japan, the BIS said.

Japanese companies were also big borrowers in world financial markets, taking np \$42.3 billion of funds, more than double the 1985 level of \$20.8 billion.

While the biggest - U.S. cor-

second half of last year, Japanese borrowers, in second place, expanded theirs, despite Japan's buge balance of payments surplus, which ought to have re-duced their need to look abroad for funds.

The study also showed that heavily indebted Third World countries got little belp in the form of oew bank loans, despite backing by all majnr countries for the debt initiative U.S. Treasury Secretary James Baker launched 48 months ago, which had envis-aged substantially increased bank lending.

Developing countries nutside OPEC got only \$100 million of new bank funds last year, after \$11.1 billion in 1985.

Banks reduced their loans to Latin American countries by \$1.6 billion last year, and African and Middle Eastern countries also witnessed a net outflow. Among developing countries only those in Asia got more bank loans in

But lending to industrial countries was buoyant, taking more than \$145 billioo of the total \$160billion new final lending.

Environment report calls for new era of world economic growth

LONDON (R) — Every year more people suffer from famine, vast areas of forests and fertile land are destroyed, the ozone layer gets thinner, the gap be-tween rich and poor widens and more money is spent on arms, according to a report published

The 340-page report, prepared over three years by the World Commission on Environment and Development, calls for a new era of economic growth to relieve poverty in the developing world as a means to improving the world's environmental problems. It is intended to jolt govern-ments into cooperating before it is too late to save the environ-

The commission was formed in 1983 as an independent body linked to the United Nations but outside its control. It consists of representatives from 21 countries chaired by Norwegian Prime Minister Gro Harlem Brundt-

The report, "Our Common Future," will be presented to the

It says the industries most reliant on environmental resources, which are also the most polluting are growing most rapidly in the developing world where poverty is the main cause and effect of world environment problems.

To break the cycle, the com-mission calls for the annual growth of developing countries to be boosted by six per cent and more money to be made available to developing countries through the World Bank and the International Development Association. World food supplies should be spread more evenly by reducing incentives that causee surplus production in developed countries and improving incentives

in developing countries, it says. The commission calls for more political power to be given to local governments and money to prevent disease and air, noise and water pollution. "Our Common Future" is not

that encourage food production

a prediction of ever increasing environmental decay, poverty and hardship in an ever more polluted world among ever in-creasing resources," it says. We see intead the possibility

for a new era of economic growth, one that must be based on policies that sustain and expand the environmental resource base. And we believe such growth to be absolutely essential to relieve the great poverty that is deepening in much of the developing world," the report says.

Environmentalists have criticised the recommendations as bland and safe because they do not blame specific governments. "Some commission members

would oot accept recommendations of family planning and nuc-lear energy which differed from their own countries' policies oo those issues," a source close to the commission told Reoters. "If the commission had told

governments what they should do, they would bave been able to dismiss it as righteous. As it is not blaming anyone, they have oo. excuse not to seriously consider the report," the source added. The commission noted that fer-

tility rates fell as women's education and employment opportunities outside the home improved and their age at marriage rose. On nuclear energy it said: "The

generation of nuclear power is only justifiable if there are solid solutions to presently unsolvable problems to which it gives rise."

By Harris

HARRIS

Brazilian finance minister quits

SAO PAULO (R) — The resignation of Brazilian Finance Minister Dilson Funaro led bankers to speculate Monday on whether Brazil will now adopt a more flexible stance oo its debts and move toward an accord with creditors.

Relations with creditors sourcd under Mr. Funaro, who resigned

He was in charge of economic policy and debt oegotiatioo and he angered bankers in February by suspending interest payment on \$68 billion of debt due to commercial banks.

Economie analysts said personal animosity between Mr. Funaro and U.S. bankers impeded agreement on reschedoling Brazilian debts. These, when borrowing from governments is added to bank loans, total \$111 billion and make Brazil the Third World's largest

"So what if it's 'all natural'?! Bugs are all natural, too, but you don't see

me eating them for breakfast!"

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

THE BETTER HALF.

Peanuts









Mutt'n' Jeff

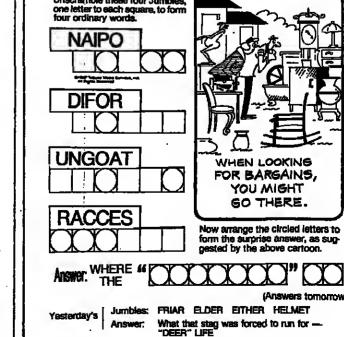


Andy Capp









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Sri Lanka reports 400 killed in anti-rebel offensive

COLOMBO, Sri Lanka (Agencies) -- The Sri Lankan government said Monday that 400 Tamil militants were killed in northern and eastern provinces during a five-day offensive against rebel strongholds.

Tilak Ratnakara, chairman of the government's media centre, told the Associated Press that 230 were killed in eastern Trincomalee and Batticaloa and 150 died in the northern Jaffna penin-

The offensive hegan after Tamil terrorists exploded a bomh in Colombo's downtown bus terminal Tuesday, killing 109 people. Most of the victims were

On Sunday, ground troops assaulted rebel bunkers in Jaffna, 300 kilometres north of Colombo. Scores of air raids were reported last week against suspected rebel hideouts in eastern parts of the country. Mr. Ratnakara said some of

the victims in last week's air strikes could be Tamil civilians. He said the government had warned civilians to stay clear of militant hideouts.

The government has cut civilian telephone lines to Jaffna, making it impossible to confirm reports by phone.

Tamil guerrillas are fighting for a separate nation in Sri Lanka.

Meanwhile, a guerr Mugabe: S. African raid

HARARE (R) — Zimhabwean

Prime Minister Robert Mugabe

has said Pretoria's raid on Zam-

bia at the weekend was aimed at

catching more votes for South

Africa's ruling party in next

month's whites-only general elec-

our recent warnings that the

hloodthirsty racist regime was

planning an evil campaign of

murderous attacks against its

peaceful neighbours in order to

win a few more votes in the

forthcoming racist and undemo-

cratic elections," Mr. Mugabe

said Sunday in a solidarity mes-

sage to Zambian President Ken-

Four people were killed in

Saturday's early morning attack

on three huildings in the southern

Zambian border town of Living-

South Africa said its comman-

neth Kaunda.

bian civilians.

"The invasion has proved true

aimed at winning votes

The Tamils, who are mostly Hindus, make up 18 per cent of the nation's 16 million people. Buddhist Sinhalese make up about 75 per cent and control most of the government and military. The rest are Muslims and other

ated against the jobs, education and use of their language. More than 5,500 people have

Thousands of people streamed

The government Sunday lifted

Hospital sources said three of the injured died Sunday raising

The Colombo Tea Auction, the biggest in the world, was held as the death toll to 109. Two Tamil rebel groups, the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam scheduled Monday morning and hrokers prepared to hold other auctions for ruhber and spices tionary Organisation of students, during the week. These sales had were blamed by the government been disrupted last week. for the hlast. Both organisations

Security forces were on maxlocations in the capital.

mine killed eight security men in

Sri Lanka's eastern district of

Trincomalee Sunday, authorities said, as President Junius Jayewar-

dene, speaking in the south,

asked opposition political parties

Mr. Jayewardene told a meet-

ing Sunday in Karandeniya that

the difference of opinion between

the government and other demo-

cratic opposition parties seemed

to be about the steps necessary to

eliminate terrorists and ter-

tain principles in the present

situation faced by the country.

tic political parties cooperate with

the government in its efforts to

protect these principles."

of the ethnic conflict.

He said:"We all agree on cer-

"If so why cannot all democra-

Opposition parties have criti-

Banks and markets opened

cised the government's handling

Monday and city streets were

filled with people returning to

work after a tense week. Custom-

ers_crowded shopping centres.

rorism.

to help eliminate terrorism.

U.K., New Zealand South Africa, are being sacrificed on an altar of apartheid as the purchase price of white votes." South Africa recently warned clash over

its black-ruled neighbours it would attack if guerrillas bent on disrupting elections scheduled for May 6 tried to infiltrate from their territories. The African National Congress, the main guerrilla group fighting the Pretoria government, has its headquarters in the

Zamhian capital Lusaka. Last May, South African commandos attacked Zamhia, Botswana and Zimbahwe on the same

Kenyan President Daniel Arap Moi earlier described the raid as a cowardly and distasteful act.

In Dar Es Salaam, the Tanzanian government condemned the attack, and, said such acts would not deter the frontline states from supporting the fight against apar-

dos hit guerrilla targets. Zambia said all those killed were Zam-A Tanzanian Foreign Ministry statement said: "These acts of Mr. Mugabe said: "It is dowlawlessness which the South Afrinright premeditated ritual mur- can apartheid regime has systeder in which the lives and blood matically chosen to resort to are of our nationals, in addition to no solution to the problems with the hundreds of lives being lost in which the regime is confronted."

Casey in critical condition

GLEN COVE, New York (R) - Former Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) Director William Casey, a central figure in the Iran arms scandal, remains in critical condition with poeumonia in a suhurban New York hospital, officials have said.

Renee Paley, spokeswoman for Glen Cove Community Hospital on Long Island, told Reuters Sunday night that Mr. Casey's family had asked "that there be no official statements about Mr. Casey whatsoever and the hospital is ahiding by that."

But a nursing supervisor said family members were at the bedside and a spokeswoman said earlier that Mr. Casey, 74, was suffering from aspiration pneumonia, fluid in his lungs, and was in critical condition in the intensive care unit.

He was admitted Saturday, the spokeswoman said.

Mr. Casey, CIA chief since January 1981, had a brain seizure in his office in December while congressional hearings were

being held into the arms scandal. He subsequently had an operation for a malignant hrain tumour and resigned in January. He was replaced by William Webster, former director of the Federal

Bureau of Investigation (FBI).
As CIA chief, Mr. Casey boosted the agency's budget, upgraded its ability to forecast crises and presided over its return to vigour after years on the defensive due to charges of involvement in assassination plots.

But his stewardship came under fire late in 1986 during inquiries into the secret sales of arms to Iran when it was reported that CIA bank accounts in Switzerland were used as part of a scheme to divert arms sales profits to Nicaraguan rebels.

to show his weakness by passing.

South then bid what he hoped he

West's trump lead struck a tell-

ing blow for his side; with any other lead, declarer would have

had time to ruff a spade in dummy.

Had declarer doggedly won and led a spade, West would win and play

another trump, and declarer would

have to surrender two spade tricks

One spade could go on the ace of

hearts if declarer could find a way

to get to the table in time. The only

suit that offered any transporta-

tion was diamonds, and for that to

succeed it would have to break 3-2.

Since declarer would need the sec-

ond trump in dummy to control

spades, he immediately cashed the

ace-king of diamonds, and when

and a diamond.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GORES AND OMAR SHARIF

WHERE'S THE ENTRY? North, who seized the opportunity East-West vulnerable. South

NORTH ♥AJ9642 ◇8542 WEST EAST ♦KJ732 ♥K85 **♦**AQ964 ♥Q1073 **∵Q109** SOUTH

♦ t08 VAK76 **♣**AKQt0642 The hidding: South West North East

20 2 • Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Three of 4

If the opponents thwart one of your plans, don't blindly porsue that path. Cost around for an alter-native line that will give you a shot at your contract.

In the modern style, South's reverse bld of two diamonds is forcing for one round. However, West'a bid removed any obligation from

Tamils say they are discriminbeen killed in four years of civil back to work Monday in Col-

a near-total curfew clamped on Colombo after the car-bomh ex-

and its ally, the Eelam Revolu-

imum alert and patrolled key Meanwhile, a guerrilla land-

defence

WELLINGTON (R) — Britain and New Zealand clashed sharply over Wellington's non-nuclear defence policy Monday striking a discordant note at the end of British Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe's nine-day Asian and Pacific tour.

"You cannot treat such people with kid gloves," New Zealand's Labour Prime Minister David Lange told reporters about his extended talks with Howe.

He lashed out at the British minister's suggestion that his country was seeking a free hunch New Zealand was now for the

first time paying its way in de-fence with a policy of self-reliance and a programme of modernisation of its armed forces, he said. Howe, who was pursued

around Wellington by a handful of angry anti-nuclear demonstra-tors, himself acknowledged that his talks with Mr. Lange had at times been "plain spoken."

He made clear at a separate news conference that Mr. Lange's ban on nuclear-ship visits, which has led to the suspension of New Zealand's defence cooperation with the United States and halted visits by British and American warships, could trigger a European Community trade backlash.

He said Britain would continue to help New Zealand sell its dairy produce in the EC and then pointedly added:

"But with your current defence policy, it is a fact of life that your cause is less likely to prevail in the European Community, 11 of whose 12 members also belong to

tectionist argument.

by telephone that voters were intimidated and the balloting was

manipulated.

The report does not prescribe a

full programme for ways to safe-

guard the environment while

hastening development. Rather,

known problems and urges that

the world seek new ways of tack-

Among the prohlems they con-

sidered were population growth,

energy strategies including nuc-

lear energy, the disparity be-tween trillion-dollar annual world

expenditure on arms and the

small sums that go to environ-

mental protection, global warming due to atmospheric changes,

economic conditions that lead to

ravaging of tropical forests, and

man-made disasters like the

Chernobyl nuclear reactor explo-

sion and the Bhopal chemical

ling them.

it outlines serious and well-

which it had not won in three

The PPP leader in Aceh, Gaza-li Annah, told Reuters Monday

previous elections.

saw its share dwindle to 16 per cent from 28 per cent in the last

Nixon calls for nuclear

three per cent of the 50,000 war-

heads in the world," he stated. He said the United States

should re-establish linkage be-

tween "our concern with the

Soviet superiority in land-based

nuclear weapons and the Soviets'

concern with SDI," Mr. Reagan's

Strategie Defence Initiative

space-hased missiles defence

their offensive buildup is to de-

fend our missiles sites. We should

make clear to the Soviets that

we'll do this only to the extent

necessary, given the threat that their missiles pose to our deter-

Mr. Nixon added: "I call this

the comprehensive compromise.

It's simply not going to work to

tell this president to give up SDI.

What I'm proposing is that SDI

should go forward, concentrating

on defence of our missile sites.

Then you'll be able to have nego-

tiations with the Soviets on de-

question of Soviet superiority in

conventional weapons also must

condition that ... when we are

removing our cruise and Pershing

missiles from Europe, the last

withdrawals should not take place

unless the problem of Soviet con-

ventional superiority has been

Paramilitary Border Security

Force was killed when extremists

fired at a post in Atwal village.

attacked the post in Gurdaspur district about 20-kilometres from

the Pakistan border, escaped be-fore they could be challenged, the

"Personnel managing the post were surprised by the attack and

failed to return the fire," he said.

Extremists campaigning for a eparate Sikh homeland in Pun-

jab sprayed bullets at a grocery

shop at Dhariwal near Amritsar,

killing the owner and one other,

the spokesman said. Another

person was gunned down in

follows mounting concern in In-

dia at reports that Pakistan has developed a nuclear weapons

capacity and is ready to use it as a

The minister did not specifical-

ly say that India had finally de-

cided to develop nuclear weapons

but his statement appeared to

It was the worst electoral per-

formance in the world's largest

Islamie country by any Muslim

party since Mr. Suharto rose to

Mr. Ghazali said the protest letter accuses Golkar of giving

ont hallot forms to underage

teenagers, forcing PPP witnesses

in voting stations to leave the

area and employing a variety of "dirty tricks" during the cam-

The protest alleges some Gol-

kar supporters were mailed up to

five voting forms, while some

PPP supporters were not mailed

any, Mr. Gazali said. The forms are

required in order to get a ballot at

power 21 years ago.

paigning period.

neighbouring village.

About four assailants who

Mr. Nixon told Time that the

"I think we should make a

fence.'

be addressed.

rectified," he said.

spokesman said.

"One way for us to counter

missile deal for Asia

NEW YORK (R) — Nuclear weapons should be eliminated

from Asia if the United States

and the Soviet Union agree to

remove intermediate-range mis-

siles from Europe, former President Richard Nixon said in an

Mr. Nixon told Time magazine

in the interview published Sunday

that Soviet leader Mikhail Gor-

bachev proposed the so-called

zero option earlier this month

because he was looking at a hroad

political and military picture for

"If we're going to have the zero option in Europe, we've got to

have it in Asia, too," he told

Time, adding that if Washington

pressed Moscow to displace arms

in Asia, Mr. Gorbachev would

find it difficult to turn down the

Mr. Nixon, who resigned the presidency in 1974, said President

Reagan would oppose any agree-

ment his successor might reach

with Moscow if he leaves office

without signing an accord.
"It's possible that Gorbachev

now wants to get Reagan in-

volved in arms control, give him a

stake in the process, so that he

won't mobilise opposition to it in

Mr. Nixon said the zero option

must be kept in perspective.

If we get rid of all those

missiles covered by the offer, we're still talking about less than

CHANDIGARH, India (R) -

Suspected Sikh extremists killed

an elderty couple in Punjah earty

Monday and four other people, including a border guard, Sunday

The six deaths brought the toll

this month in separatist-related

violence in the north Indian state

to 81, according to an unofficial

The Press Trust of India (PTI)

news agency said 80-year-old

Sikh Naranjan Singh Sewadar and his 70-year-old wife were

shot in a village near Hoshiarpur.

There was no immediate explana-

A police spokesman in Chandi-

garh, the Punjab capital, said Inspector K.K. Sharma of the

"I assure the house that our

India exploded a nuclear de-

vice in the Western deserts of

Rajasthan in 1974 hut has since

consistently declared it would

only use nuclear energy for

ment on the charges. But Golkar

Chairman Sudharmono told a

news conference on Saturday:

"Anyone can complain, but one

must prove there were irregular-

ities. If no proof is given, it means

the allegations are aimed only at

discrediting Golkar".

Virtually complete returns

showed Golkar beating PPP by 120,000 out of the nearly 1.5

million votes that were cast in the

province, which rebelled against

Jakarta's rule in the 1950s. Nationwide, Golkar thrashed

its rivals by taking nearly 73 per

cent of the vote, while the PPP

Mr. Pant's statement to the

Lok Sabha (lower house) during a indicate that this was now consi-

debate on defence allocations, dered a possibility.

response will be adequate to our perception of the threat.

night, police said.

tion for the attack.

India announces review of nuclear policy

peaceful purposes.

Indonesian opposition charges vote rigging

JAKARTA (R) — Indonesia's mission had no immediate com-Muslim-based United Development on the charges. But Golkar

Sikh extremists kill 6 in

continuing Punjab violence

the future.

United States.

the future."

ly unsolved problems to which it gives rise.' Energy: Greater efficiency could save half the energy currently consumed, and give time to develop "renewable energy sources" like geothermal, solar,

warming up the atmosphere. Population: "Present rates of population growth cannot con-tinue." Predictions show world population growing to 6.1 billion in 2000 and to 8.2 billion in 2025 — compared with 4.8 billion in 1985. "The very possibility of

ised by high population growth rates.' World economy: Some poor countries have foreign debts that lead them to over-exploit forests, croplands and mineral deposits. Commodity prices dropped 30 per cent between 1980 and 1985, so poor countries may earn less

ment to export more. Food: Subsidies paid to efficient farmers in North America and Europe depress prices, lead-

The report says 730 million people did not get enough to eat to lead productive working lives

The commission was established by the U.N. General Assembly in 1983 with a mandate to deal with environment and development together, rather

than as separate topics. A sympathetic critic, in an assessment timed to coincide with publication of the report, said that it "is not actually a very good hook on environment and development" but it still should be studied carefully because of the nnusual nature of the commis-

"It is precisely because the commissioners are not environmentalists that their report is important," Lloyd Timeberlake, a British writer and consultant to the commission, wrote in the journal People, published by the International Planned Parenthood Federation.

Timberlake said the commissioners were mostly mature politiciaus who 'found their thinking radically changed" as they attended hearings around the world on the link between environment and development. The U.S. Representative was

William Ruckelshaus, former head of the Environmental Protection Agency. Mansour Khalid, a former foreign minister of countries, Japan and elsewhere.

COLUMNS 768

Abu Dhabi crown prince leaves hospital

ABU DHABI (R) - The Crown Prince of Abu Dhabi, Sheik Khalifa Ibn Zaid Al Nahayan, has left a Zurich hospital in goo health, the Emirates News Agency WAM reported Monday Sheikh Khalifa, 39, entered the hospital on March 31 fc treatment of an undisclosed illness. WAM said he would remai: in Switzerland on a private visit. Sheikh Khalifa, oldest son o UAE President Sheikh Zaid Ibn Sultan Al Nahayan, is also deputy supreme commander of the UAE Armed Forces.

Man blew up house by mistake

CLERMONT-FERRAND, France (R) — A man who tried to remove a stain from his clothes by using petrol in his washing machine instead of detergent succeeded only in blowing up his house, police said. They said the man and two other occupants of the house in Clermont-Ferrand were unhart, but the explosion, caused by a spark that ignited the petrol, destroyed the ground floor of the building.

Hooligans kill, rob and molest students

PEKING (R) — Gangs of hooligans have this year killed, robbed and terrorised children at schools in north-east China, the second region of the country to be hit by such a crime wave, an official Chinese newspaper said Monday. In the worst incident, a secondary-school student was stabbed to death in a schoolyard in the port city of Dalian by four robbers last month, the Liaoning Daily said. Other gangs of young criminals have extorted money from students and harassed girls, the newspaper said. In the city of Benxi last month a gang of young criminals invaded a school canteen and forced pupils eating lunch to take down their trousers, beating those who refused, it added. The newspaper said such attacks were continuing despite improved security in schools. Earlier this month the China Daily said schoolchildren in the south east city of Canton were the victims of robberies and extortion by teenage gangs. The gangs, which lie in wait for children outside schools and intimidate them into bringing money or foreign cigarettes, were "a big threat to social order," it added.

Police protect bishop before consecration

VIENNA, Austria (AP) — A group of policemen Sunday escorted Monsignor Kurt Krenn into St. Stephen's Cathedral to protect him from demonstrators prior to his consecration as Suffragan of Vienna. Krenn's appointment as bishop by Pope John Paul II in March brought strong protests from Catholic priests and laymen, who consider him too conservative. There were also critical comments from some Austrian bishops who disagreed with the way Krenn was nominated. The Catholic community complained in numerous statements that it had not been consulted by the Pope. Anstrian television showed two policemen walking with Krenn arm-in-arm, while other policemen crowded around them as protesters lay on the ground to symbolically obstruct access to the church. The roughly 20 non-violent Catholic activists did not resist police, and no detentions were reported. The Austrian Catholic Church has been relatively liberal regarding such questions as birth control, and Krenn's appointment was seen by some as a possible hardening of church policy. During high mass in the cathedral, there were no incidents, but police waited for the newly consecrated Suffragan bishop after the service to escort him to a waiting car.

Airline worker gets life sentence

DHAKA (R) - A car driver who worked for Biman Bangladesh Airlines was sentenced by a special tribunal to life imprisonment with hard labour for trying to snuggle gold worth \$62,000 last August, legal officials have said. They said customs officers at Dhaka airport arrested Abdul Malek following a tip-off and seized 31 gold bars hidden in the cushion of his vehicle. Four other Biman employees, including the chief purser of an airliner, are awaiting trial for trying to smuggle in gold worth more than \$130,000 earlier this month. They were arrested by customs agents after the plane arrived from Abu Dhabi on April 3.

New Swedish jetfighter unveiled

LINKOPING, Sweden (AP) — Sweden has unveiled a prototype of its new jet fighter, a sleek delta-wing aircraft that designers said can switch from interceptor to reconnaissance or attack fighter with the flip of a computer programme. About 1,000 Swedish and foreign air force officers and guests watched the plane displayed in a mist of swirling smoke and flashing lights at a ceremony at the hangars of Saab-Scaania, the builders. Called the JAS 39 Gripen, Swedish for "griffin" the 14-metre-long jet has been five years in development. It is scheduled to make its first test flight later this year and be operational in 1992. "This plane can serve in attack, year and be operational in 1992. "This plane can serve in attack, interception or recommissance functions by switching the software of the computer and the weaponry," Saah Communications Director Rolf Erichs told reporters. Sweden hopes to sell the plane to Switzerland, which is replacing its fleet of about 50 aging French-built Mirage aircraft in the next decade. The Gripen will have to compete for the Swiss contract with three U.S. firms, as well as the French Mirage and the Israeli Lavi. Company officials said Finland and Denmark are other potential markets for the plane. Sweden seeks buyers to help offset the estimated \$7-billion development cost, but it is forbidden by Swedish law to sell to countries at war or in volatile regions. Saah officials said they expected the plane to cost about \$13 million each, and 140 are due to be produced by the end of the century.

Vandals try to ruin memorial ceremony

LONDON (R) - Vandals tried to ruin a ceremony attended by more than 3,000 people in London's Hyde Park to remember the Jews who died under Nazi rule in Europe, a ceremony organiser said. Rona Hart, a member of the board of deputies of British Jews, said the park's stone holocaust memorial was daubed with white paint but most was removed in time for the ceremony, held on Martyrs and Heroes Remembrance Day observed annually by Jews. The vandals left a placard nearby bearing the word "perdition," the title of a controversial play showing that some Jewish leaders collaborated with the Nazis during World War II to try to save Zionists from death camps at the expense of other Jews. The premiere of the play, by British author Jim Allen, was cancelled in January after historians questioned its accuracy and alleged it was anti-Semitic.

Drugs may block pain without numbness

NEW YORK (AP) — Drugs that use a new approach to blocking pain gave relief without producing numbress in laboratory animals, and may prove useful for arthritis and backaches as well as cuts and hurns, a scientist says. The research is the first to show that Bradykinin Antagonists, invented a few years ago, can relieve pain, said Dr. Solomon Snyder. The drugs prevent a natural substance called Bradykinin from activating pain-sensing nerves next to an injury, said Snyder, director of the Neuroscience Department at the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine in Baltimore. Snyder reports the studies this week in the European Journal of Pharmacology, along with Larry Steranka and others of Nova Pharmaceutical Corp. in Baltimore and Raymond Vavrek and John Stewart of the University of Colorado School of Medicine. Nova plans to start tests in humans within the next few months, Snyder said in a recent telephone interview. Snyder is a Nova co-founder and stockholder. Another pain expert said that while Bradykinin Antagonists are not yet proven superior to standard painkillers, the fact that they act through a different mechanism means they may prove useful when traditional painkillers fail, or in combination with current drugs. "I'm delighted that it works," said Dr. Howard Fields, neurology and physiology professor at the University of California."

Monday. President Suharto's ruling Golkar Party triumphed in all 27 provinces in last week's general election, including Aceh, on the north western tip of Sumatra,

Mr. Lange retorted by accusing farming interests in Britain of

seeking to exploit New Zealand's foreign policy to disguise a pro-

Salvagers

refloat

wrecked

U.K. ferry

ZEEBRUGGE, Belgium (R) -

The British car ferry Herald of

Free Enterprise, which capsized

on March 6 with a loss of about

200 lives, was refloated Monday

off the Belgian coast and was

expected to be towed into port

The Dutch salvage firm Smit Tak reported the ship afloat after

three hours of pumping ont

thousands of tonnes of water and

By midday, tugs and giant

floating cranes were set to begin

half-pulling, half-carrying the

battered wreck hack into Zeeb-

rugge Harbour, Hans Walenk-

amp, head of the salvage opera-

The ferry keeled over while on

a routine night crossing to Eng-

So far, 176 bodies, nearly all

Britons, have been recovered

from the wreck, about 20 other

bodies are believed to be trapped

A first attempt to raise the

cargo-laden vessel was aban-

doned last Friday night during

similar pumping operations when the ship suddenly listed danger-

ously.

Giant pumps alongside the Herald, which had been resting

on a sandbank about one mile

offshore, restarted at dawn

Reporters and sightseers

walked out along Zeebrugge's harbour walls Monday to watch

the wreck brought back into har-

Once the Herald is anchored at a

temporary berth just inside the

harhour, Belgian and British navy divers will go aboard and

start searching for the remains of

those still entombed in the ship.

Officials say it may be several

days before the exact death toll

from the disaster, the worst in the

channel since World War II, is

In weekend preparations, sal-

vage teams repositioned floating cranes alongside the wreck to provide better support to the ship's bow, which had dipped and flooded during last Friday's ahor-

NEW DELHI (R) — India said

Monday it had decided to review

its nuclear policy, hitherto restricted to peaceful uses, because

of what it called an "emerging nuclear threat" from Pakistan.

Addressing the Lower House

of Parliament, Defence Minister

K C. Pant said: "The emerging

nuclear threat to us from Pakistan

is forcing us to review our op-

ment Party (PPP) has filed a formal protest charging wide-spread electoral fraud in its tradi-

tional provincial stronghold of Aeeh, a party official said

finally established.

tive first attempt.

Monday.

the voting station. The National Elections Com- election five years ago. Report urges development to protect environment

LONDON (AP) - A prestigious time has come to break out of international panel started a seapast patterns." son of fanfare Monday to adv-It called for a "vast campaign of education, debate and public ance environmental concerns to the forefront of efforts to imparticipation. This campaign prove living standards around the must start now if sustainable human progress is to be achieved."

After a three-year study, the 21-member panel — drawn from poor countries as well as the West and the Soviet Bloc — published a 383-page report titled Our Common Future. It urges sweeping changes in

the way decisions are made around the world on development and the environment.

The World Commission on Environment and Development scheduled a ceremony to present copies of the report to young people from nine countries, representing the world's youth who. the report says, "have the most to lose" if the environment is not carefully protected.

The Norwegian Prime Minister, Gro Harlem Brundtland, is chairwoman of the commission and is to preside at the ceremony. The report is to be given to heads of government, discussed

crucial," the report says. "The

both defenders followed all was well. Declarer led a third round of at a wide range of international the suit and he was in control. forums, and forwarded to the No matter what the defenders United Nations General Assemdid, declarer was home. West ruffed the third dlamond and led bly this fall with a recommendaanother trump, but the eight of diation to start a "programme of monds was declarer's entry to the sustainable development." board to take a spade discard on "The next few decades are the ace of hearts, and all was well.

tragedy in India. Here are some extracts from the report;

Nuclear power: There have been two serious nuclear reactor accidents - at Three Mile Island .ing to less incentive for traditionin the United States and Chernobyl in the Soviet Union — and the problem of nuclear waste

disposal remains unsolved. The generation of nuclear in 1985.

power is only justifiable if there are solid solutions to the present-

biomass and hydroelectric that do not pollute or pose the danger of

development can be comprom-

even if they deplete their environ-

al farmers in poor countries.

Sudan, was vice chairman, and other commissioners came from the Soviet Union, China, African

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t sus tien.